



Rural Research and  
Development for Profit  
Programme  
Keeping Australian farmers  
at the cutting edge



# DEXA

## Transforming carcase grading

Honor Calnan

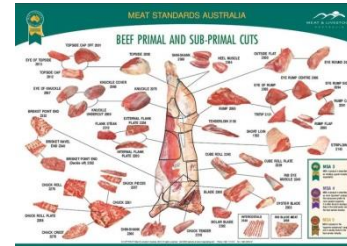
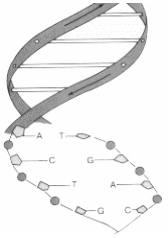


# Outline

- Carcase measurement – the status quo
- Project to accelerate tech development
  - Beef, pork and lamb industries
- Systems to integrate data from new tech.
- DEXA for carcase composition

# Precision measurement from paddock/pen to plate

- Predict quality and amount of final product



Conception

Live Animal

Carcase

Retail Cuts

Cooked Product

Value

Value

Value

Value



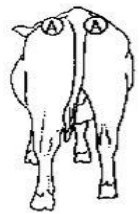
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# Trading beef and lamb

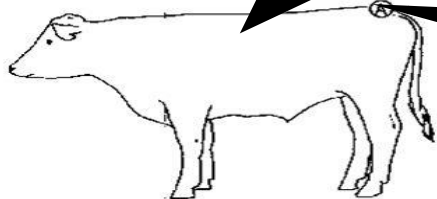


- Traded largely on carcase weight

- Fat penalties only at the extremes

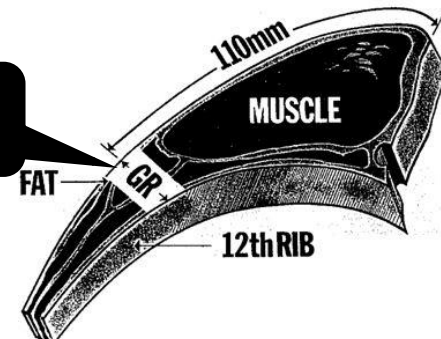


Rib Fat Depth



P8 Fat Depth

GR tissue depth



# Lean meat yield (LMY)

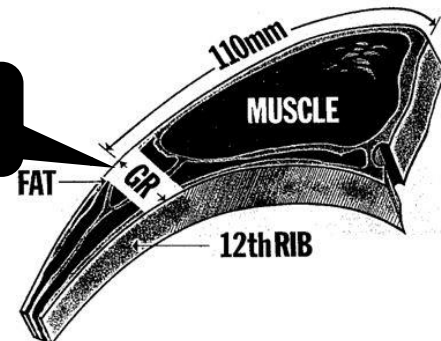
= lean meat : fat & bone



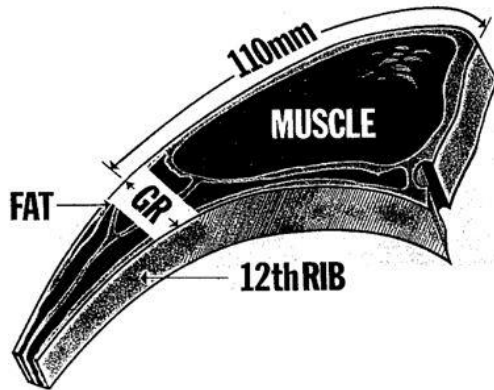
Rib Fat Depth

P8 Fat Depth

GR tissue depth



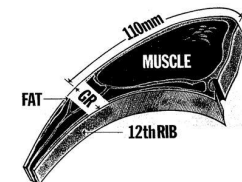
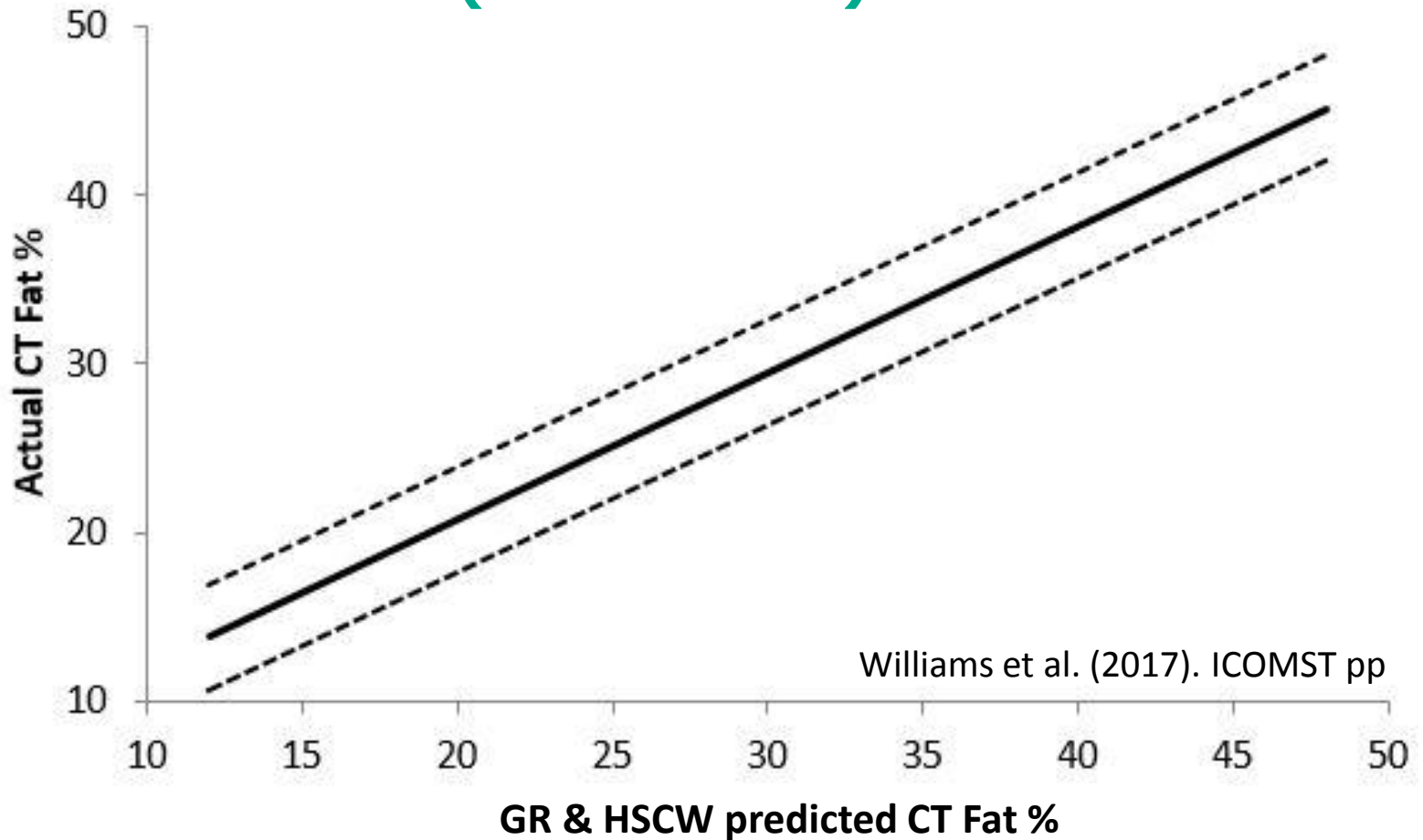
# How well do the existing measures work?





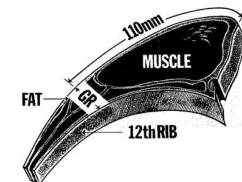
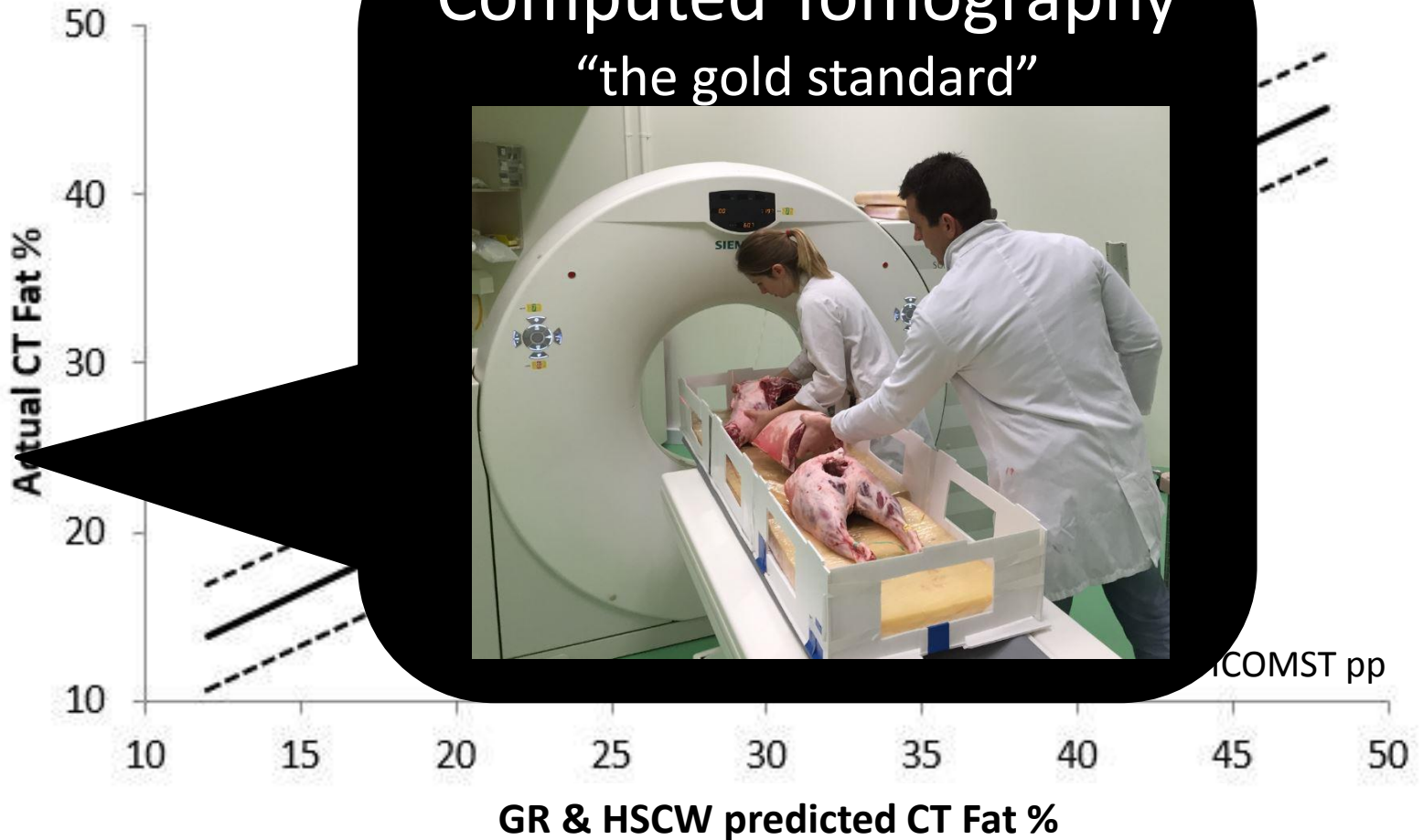
# GR and HSCW

(28 data sets)



# GR and HSCW

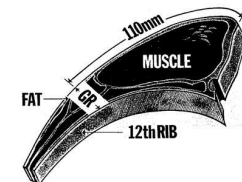
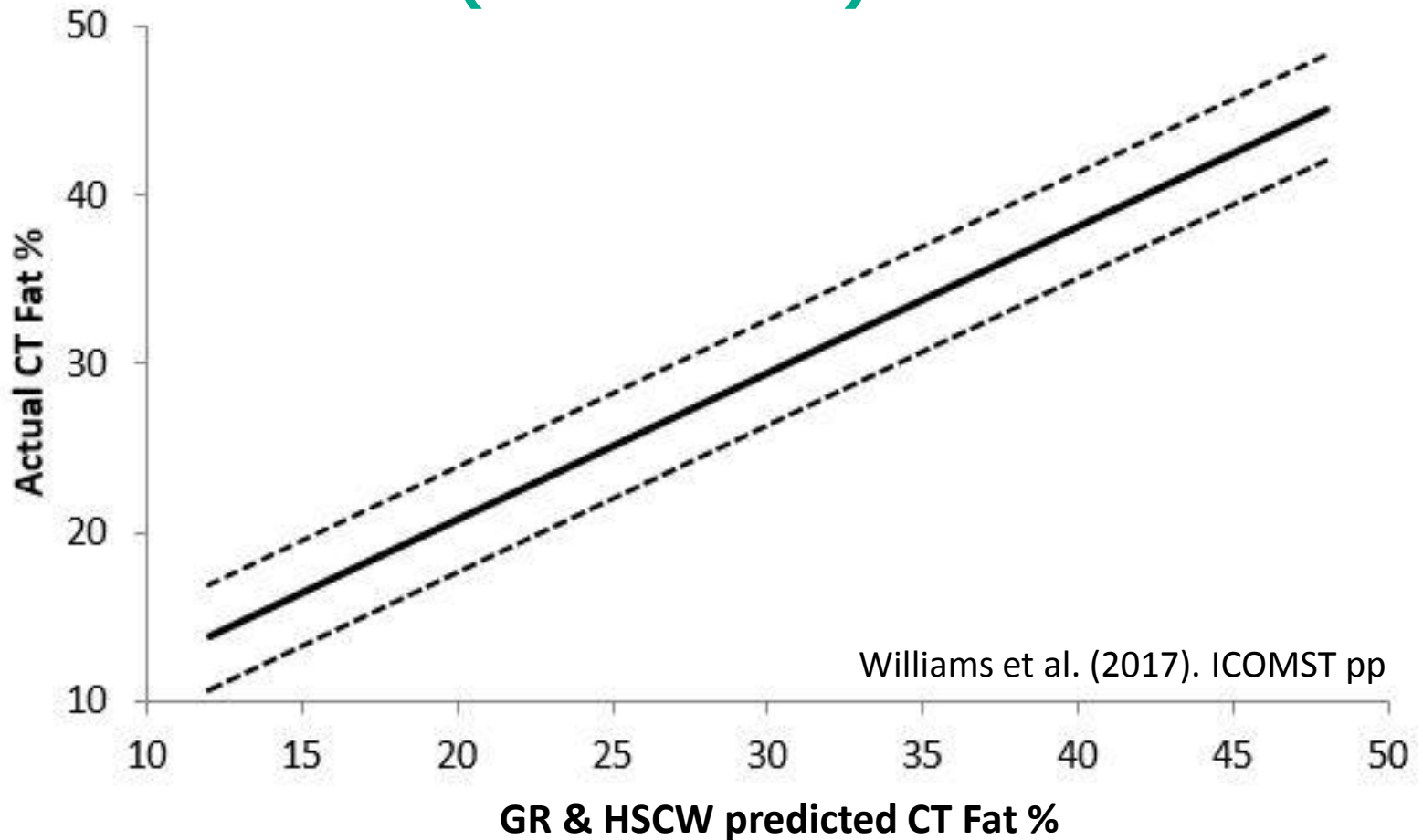
Computed Tomography  
“the gold standard”





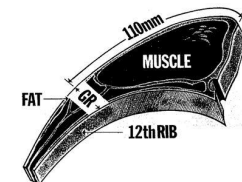
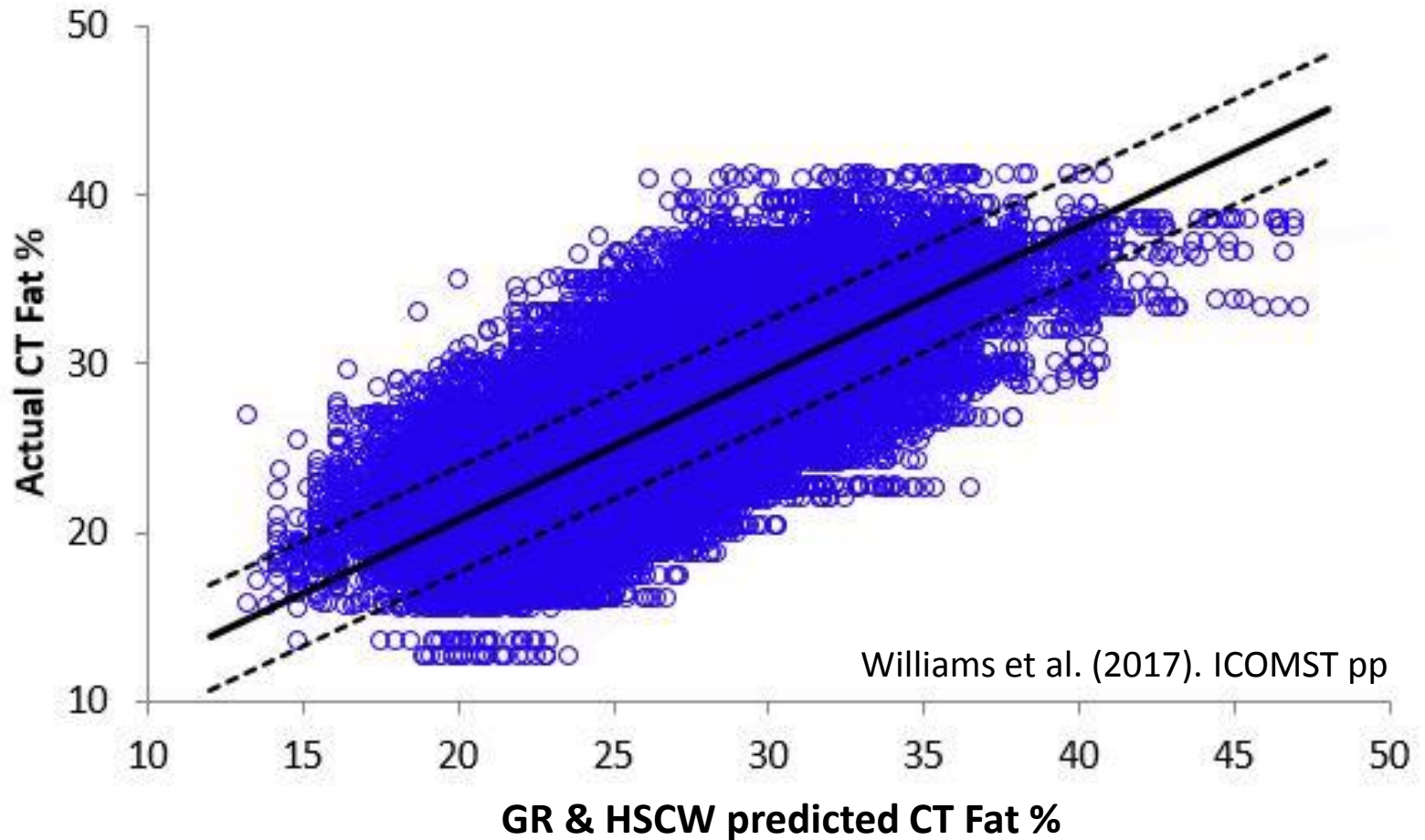
# GR and HSCW

(28 data sets)



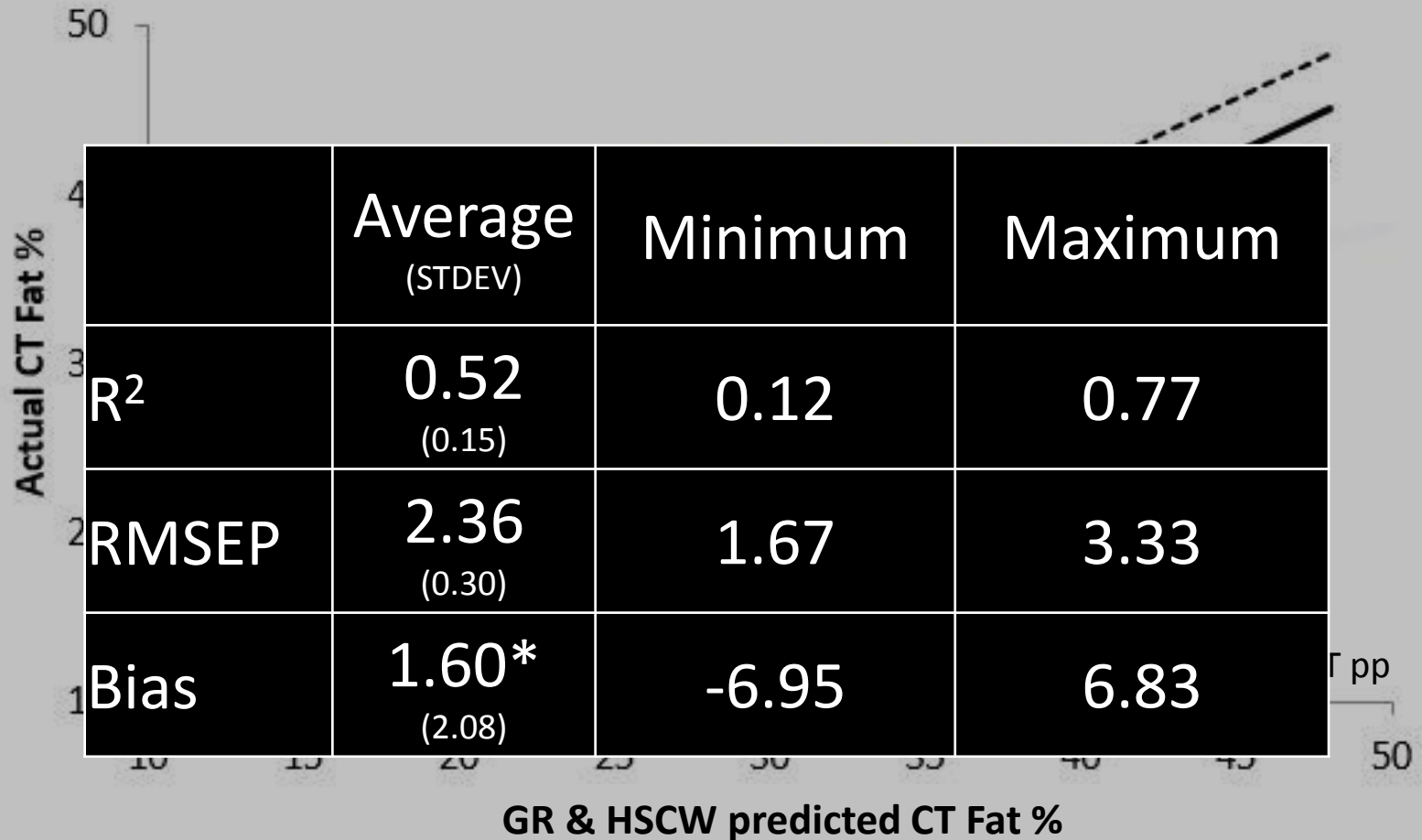
# GR and HSCW

(28 data sets)

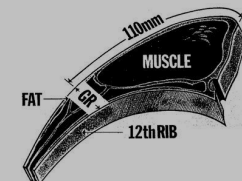


# GR and HSCW

(28 data sets)

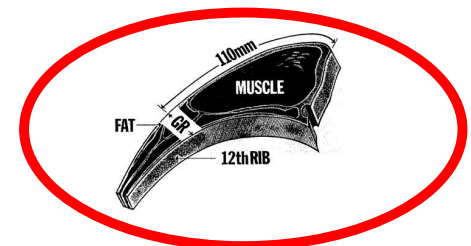
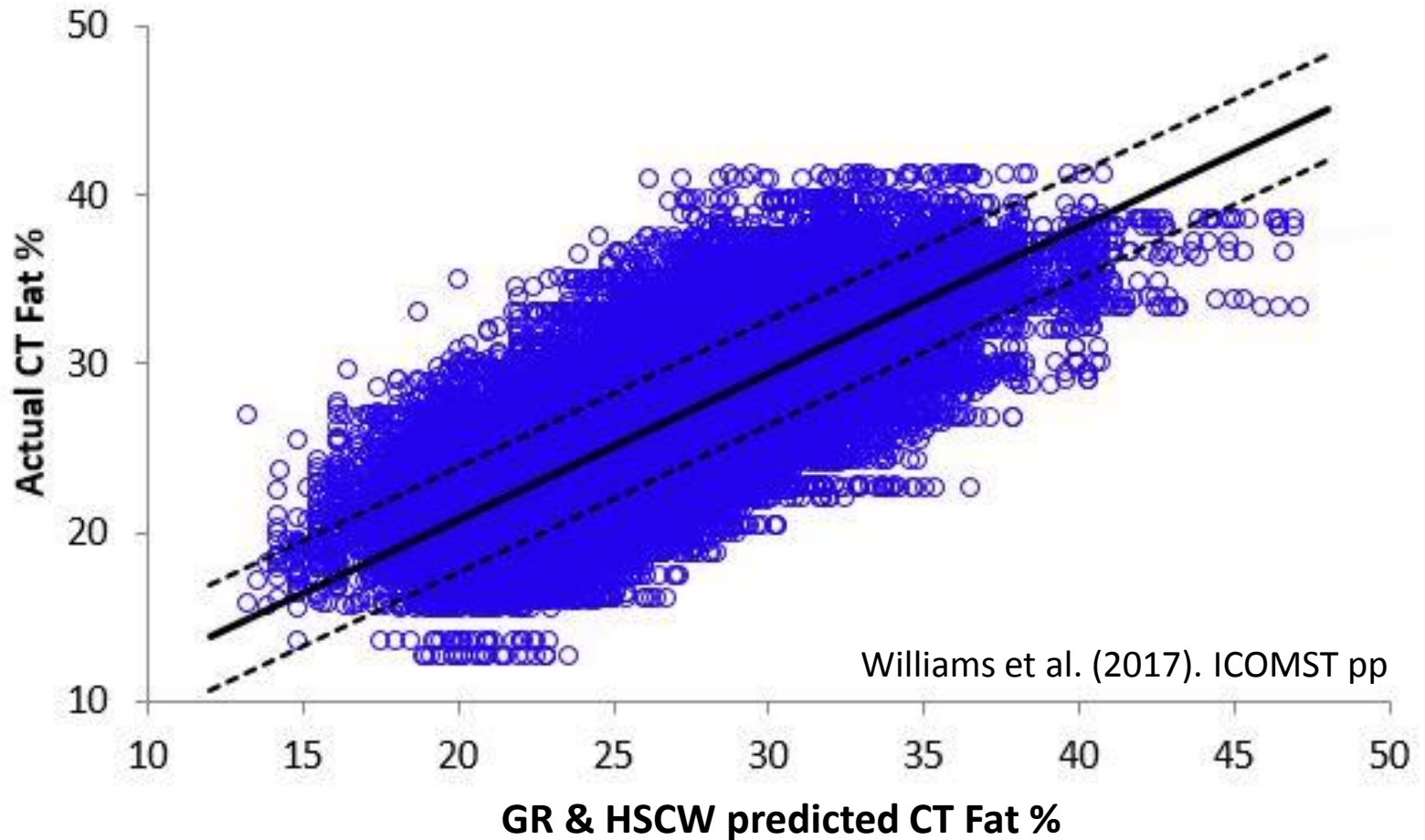


\*Average of the absolute values of Bias



# GR and HSCW

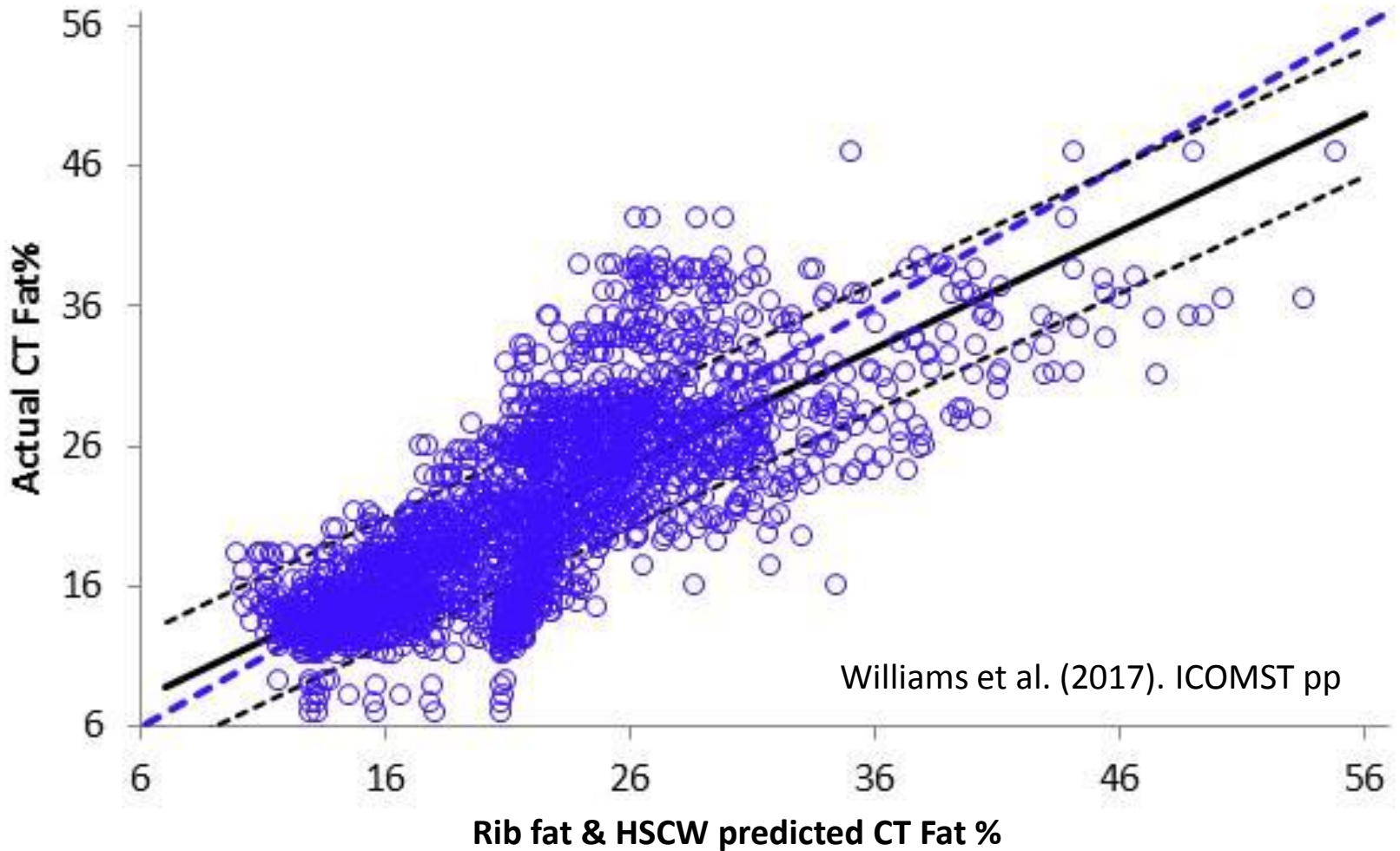
(28 data sets)





# Rib Fat and HSCW

(6 data sets)



# Eating Quality





# Trading on Eating Quality

## Meat Standards Australia eating quality model

Description	Format	Name	Input	?	Aged	cut	muscle	GRL	RST	SFR	TSL	SCT	CRN
Estimated % Bos Indicus	% or X if doubt	EPBI	0			spinalis	SPN081	79	69	79	75		
Animal Sex Type	M/F	Sex	F			tenderloin	TDR034	82		76			
more Growth Promotant	Y or ? / N	HGP	n			tenderloin	TDR062	78	77	80	74		
MilkFed/Vesler	Y/N	MFV	n			tenderloin	TDR063	73					
SaleYard	Y/N	SIYrd	n			cube roll	CUB045	62	62	62	64		
						striploin	STA045	55	56	58	58		
						striploin	STP045	53	54	57	57		
Rinse/Flush	Y/N	RnFl	n			ogster blade	OYS036	67	64	69	72		
Hot Std Carcase Weight	Weight in Kg	HSCW	350			blade	BLD095			43			
HangMethod	T/TS/TL/TC/XT	Hang	at			blade	BLD096	53	57	58	59	59	
						chucktender	CTR085		49	51	53	59	
Hump Height	mm	Hump	63			rump	RMP131	51	59	56	62	54	
Ossification USDA	USDA measure	uoss	290			rump	RMP231	54	62	61	60		
Marbling USDA	USDA measure	umb	300			rump	RMP005	59		67	67		
RibFat	mm	RbFt	10			rump	RMP032			64	68		
Ultimate pH	Metered pH	UpH	5.5			rump	RMP087		52	57	55	56	
Loin Temp at Grade	Metered Temp C	Uttmp	9			knuckle	KNU066	46	59	54	58	47	
Days of Ageing from Kill	Days Aged	Age	5			knuckle	KNU098			54	59	56	
						knuckle	KNU099	36	47	44	51	52	
						knuckle	KNU100			60	62	55	
						outside flat	OUT005		40	43	56	59	52
						outside flat	OUT029			54	61	55	
						eye round	EYE075	40	44	42	45	46	45
						topside	TOP001	39		51	53	50	
						topside	TOP033	40		53	58	60	
						topside	TOP073	34	43	43	56	52	
						chuck	CHK068			48	53	65	
						chuck	CHK074	63	56	61	67	72	
						chuck	CHK078	56	57	58	62	69	
						chuck	CHK081			60	64	75	
						chuck	CHK082			52	56		
						thin-flank	TFL051			58		58	
						thin-flank	TFL052			67	59	64	
						thin-flank	TFL064			61	58	60	
						rib-blade	RIB041			48			
						brisket	BRI056			44	58	60	38
						brisket	BRI057			41	49	64	
						shin	FQshin					57	
						shin	HQshin					60	
						intercostal	INT037			57			



# Trading on Eating Quality

# Meat Standards Australia eating quality model

Description	Format	Name	Input	?	Aged	cut	muscle	GRL	RST	SFR	TSL	SCT	CRN
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more Growth Promotent	Y or ? / N	HGP	n			tenderloin	TDR062	78	77	80	74		
MilkFedWeaner	Y/N	MFV	n			tenderloin	TDR063	73					



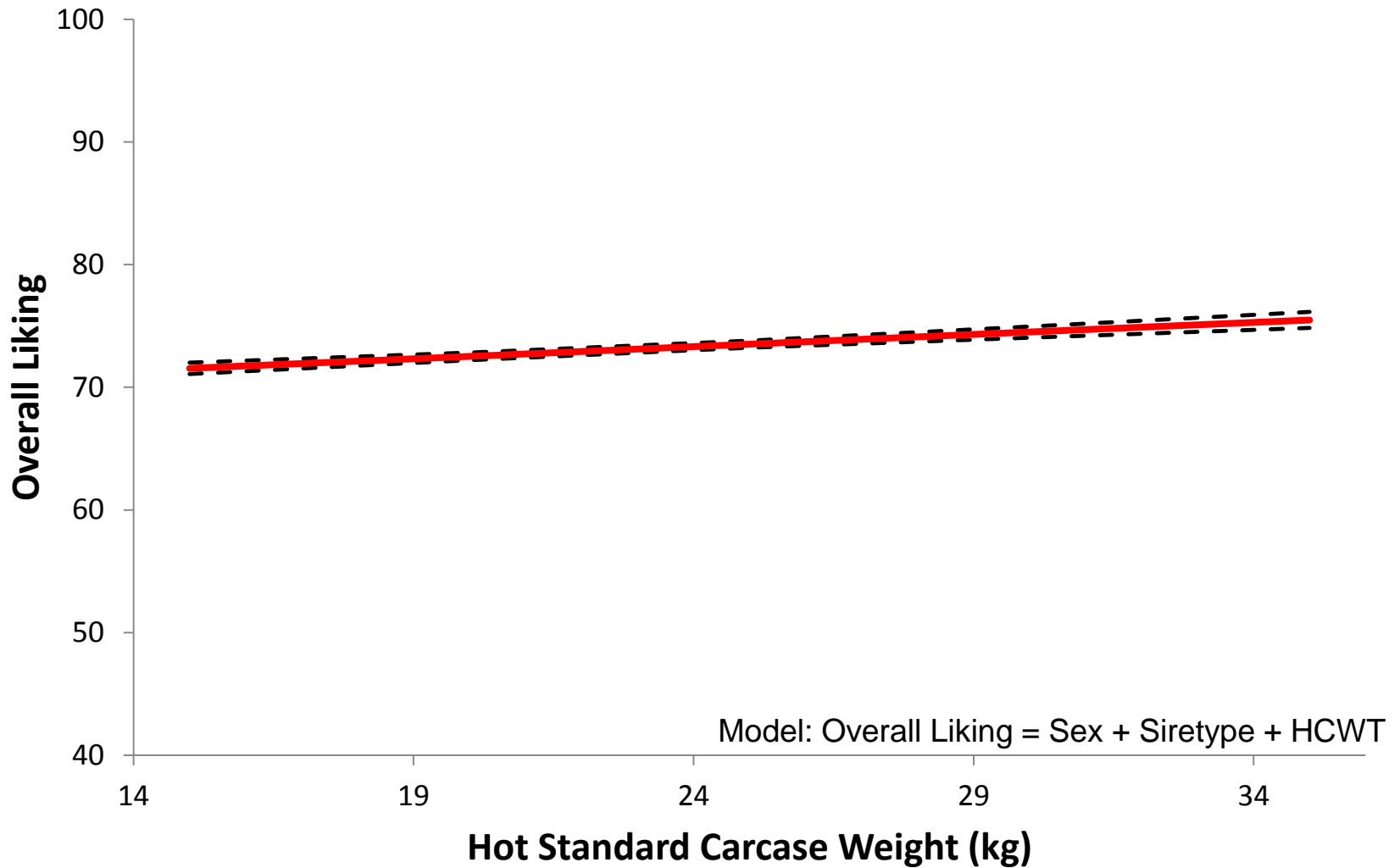
Doesn't exist for lamb!

thin-flank	TFL052					67	59	64					
thin-flank	TFL064					61	58	60					
rib-blade	RIB041					48							
brisket	BRI056					44	58	60					
brisket	BRI057					41	49	64					38
shin	FQshin							57					
shin	HQshin							60					
intercostal	INT037					57							

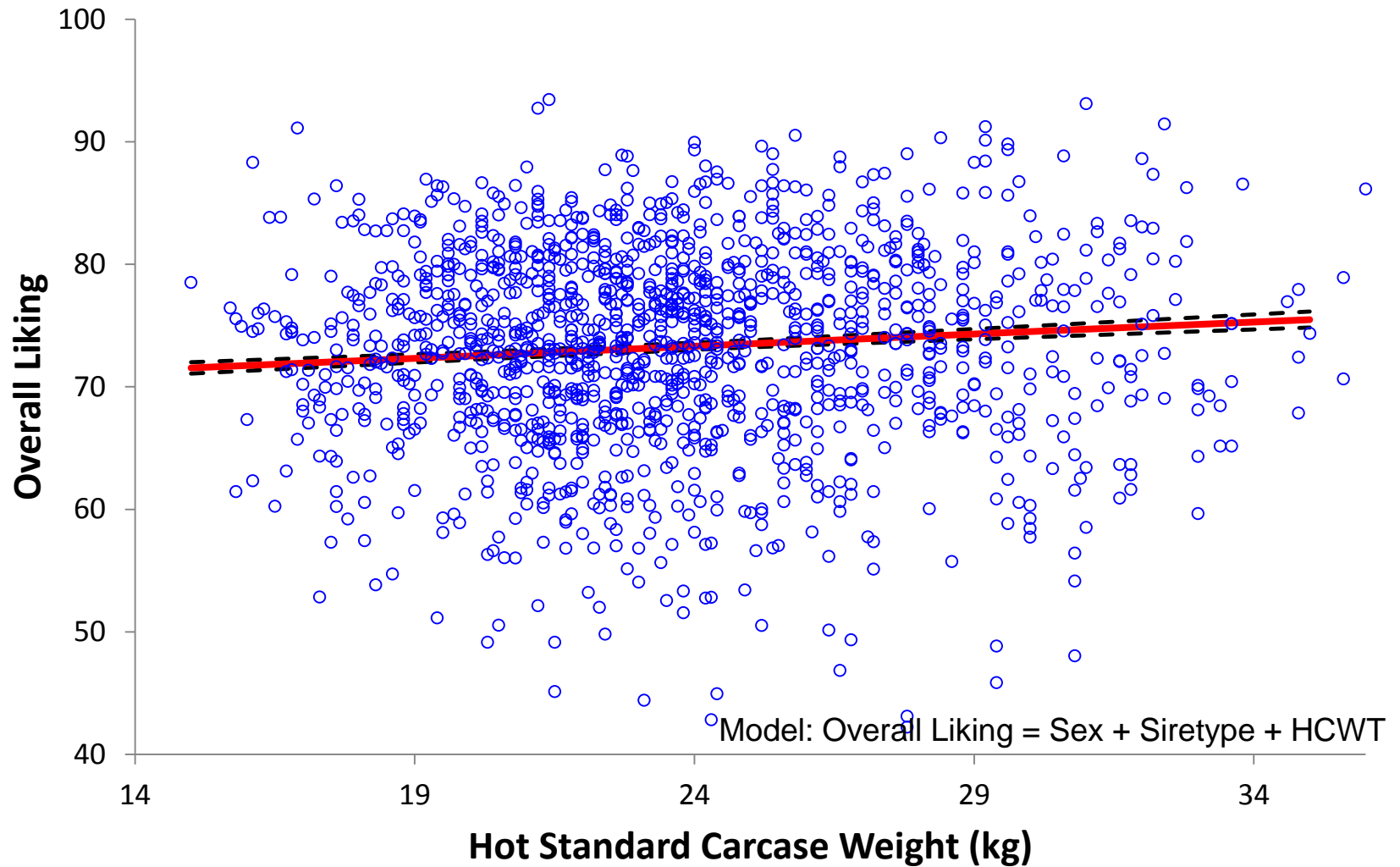




# Loin Eating Quality and HSCW



# Loin Eating Quality and HSCW



# Variability in these traits has a cost!

- Variability can be managed with...
  - carcase sorting (prior to fabrication)
  - cut sorting for cut size and EQ, assuming its traceable...

# Variability in these traits has a cost!

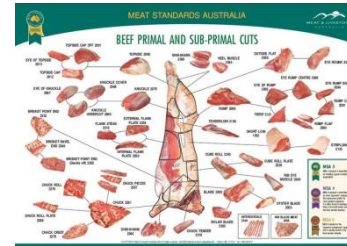
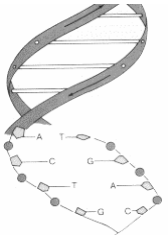
- Variability can be managed with...
  - carcase sorting (prior to fabrication)
  - cut sorting for cut size and EQ, assuming its traceable...

If we can predict it!



# Precision measurement from paddock/pen to plate

- Predict quality and amount of final product



Conception

Live Animal

Carcase

Retail Cuts

Cooked Product

Value

Value

Value

Value

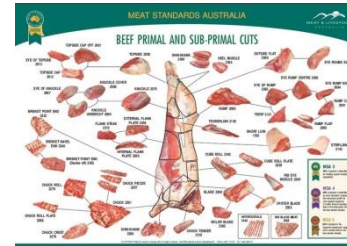
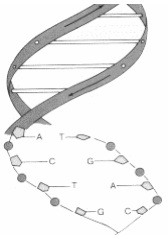
Trading lacks  
transparency?



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# Precision measurement from paddock/pen to plate

- Predict quality and amount of final product



Senate inquiry

Trading lacks  
transparency?

= political impetus  
for change!



Australian Government

Department of Agriculture  
and Water Resources

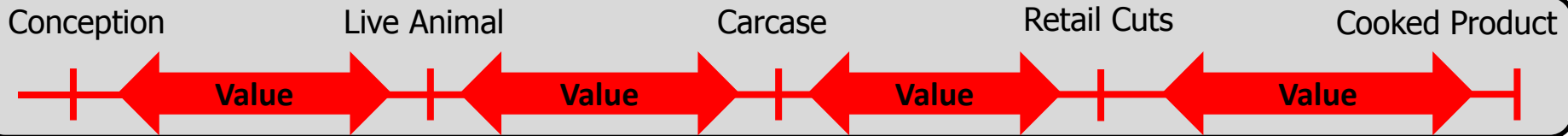
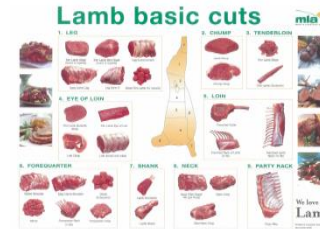
# Advanced Livestock Measurement Technologies

This project is supported by funding from the Australian Government Department of Agriculture and Water Resources as part of its Rural R&D for Profit programme in partnership with Research & Development Corporations, commercial companies, state departments and universities



# Precision measurement from paddock/pen to plate

- Predict quality and amount of final product



LMY:



3D Imaging



DEXA



3D Imaging

Eating Quality:



Hyperspectral

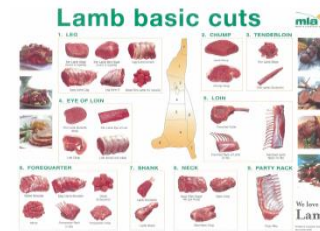


NIR

Synergy with Automation

# Precision measurement from paddock/pen to plate

- Predict quality and amount of final product



Conception

Live Animal

Carcase

Retail Cuts

Cooked Product

Value


Value

Value

Value



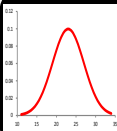
New Breeding Values





Systems to improve compliance




Enhanced Beef MSA

Benchmarking systems



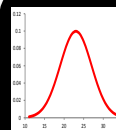

Enhanced Producer Feedback





Cut wt prediction systems




Cuts-based Lamb MSA

Profit functions to optimise carcass use



# True value of the carcasse



Carcase value  
(\$)

=



Wt retail  
cuts (kg)

X



Value of the cuts  
(\$/kg)



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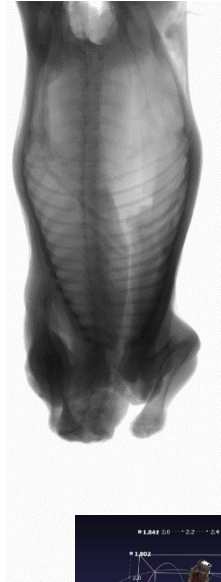
# Lean Meat Yield



# Technologies to predict LMY



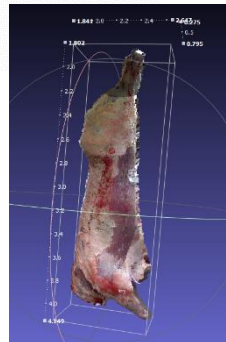
**DEXA**



**Hyperspectral  
camera**



**3D Imaging**



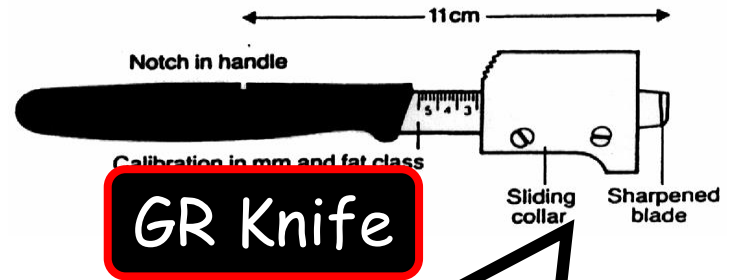
**Microwave**



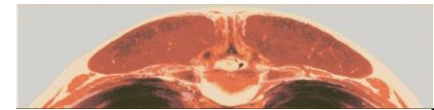
# Point measures for prediction



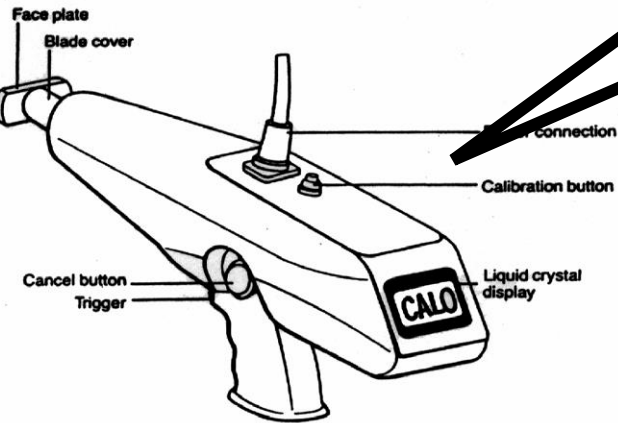
Ultrasound



Devices for yield measurement



Hyperspectral Camera



Sheep Probe

Lean

# Redistribution of muscle



+ 5%

- 5%

+8%

Measured here!

PEMD

Lean

# Redistribution of muscle

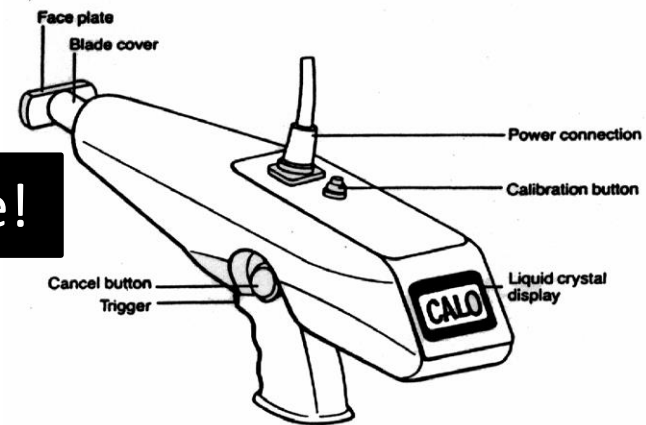


+ 5%

- 5%

+8%

Measured here!



Lean

# Redistribution of muscle



# Biased!

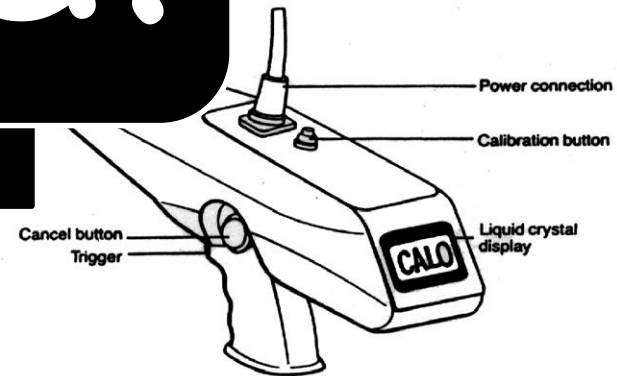
+ 5%

- 5%



+8%

Measured here!





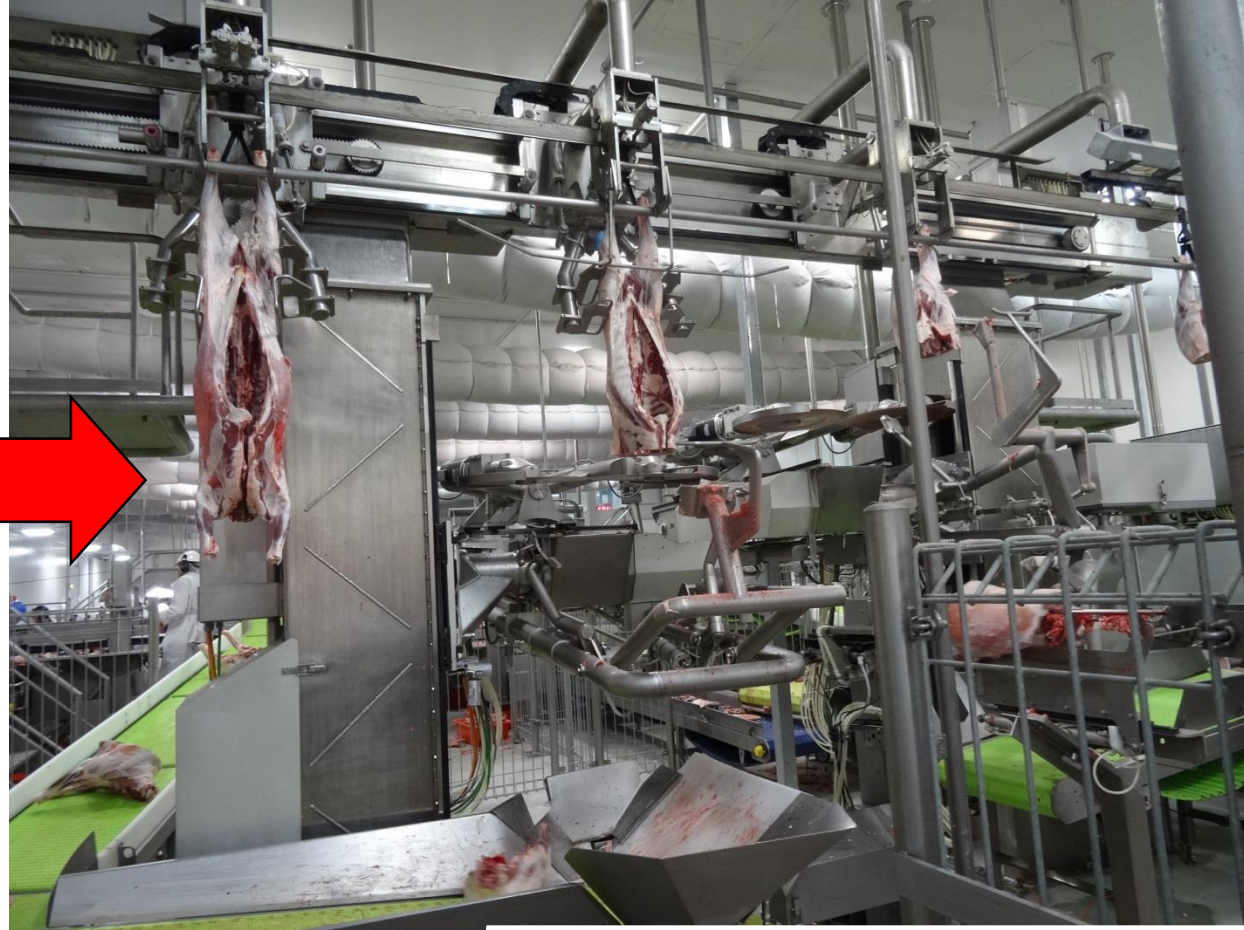
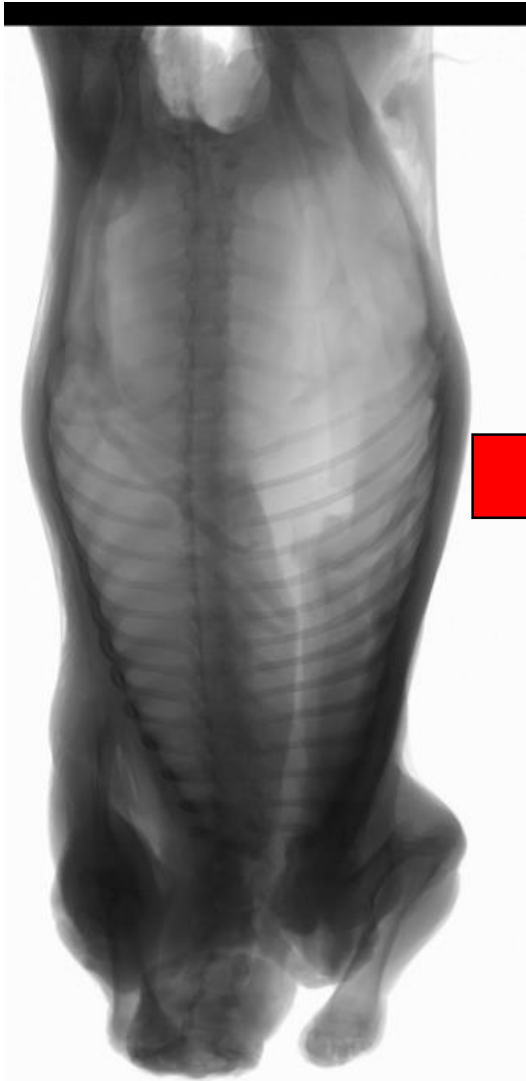
# Need to move towards systems that measure whole carcass lean!



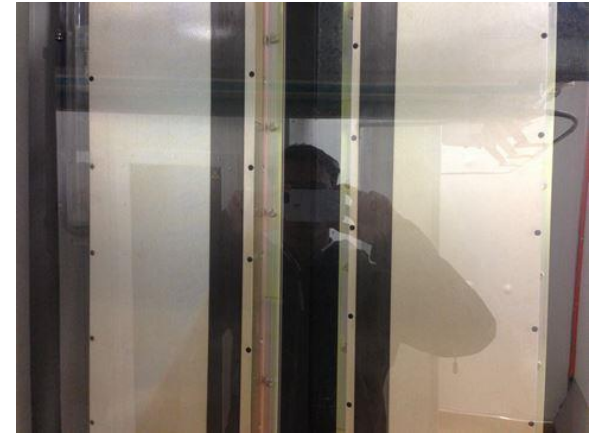
# DEXA



# X-Ray for driving robots



# Adapt existing X-ray hardware



# Dual Energy Images

Low Energy Image



High Energy Image



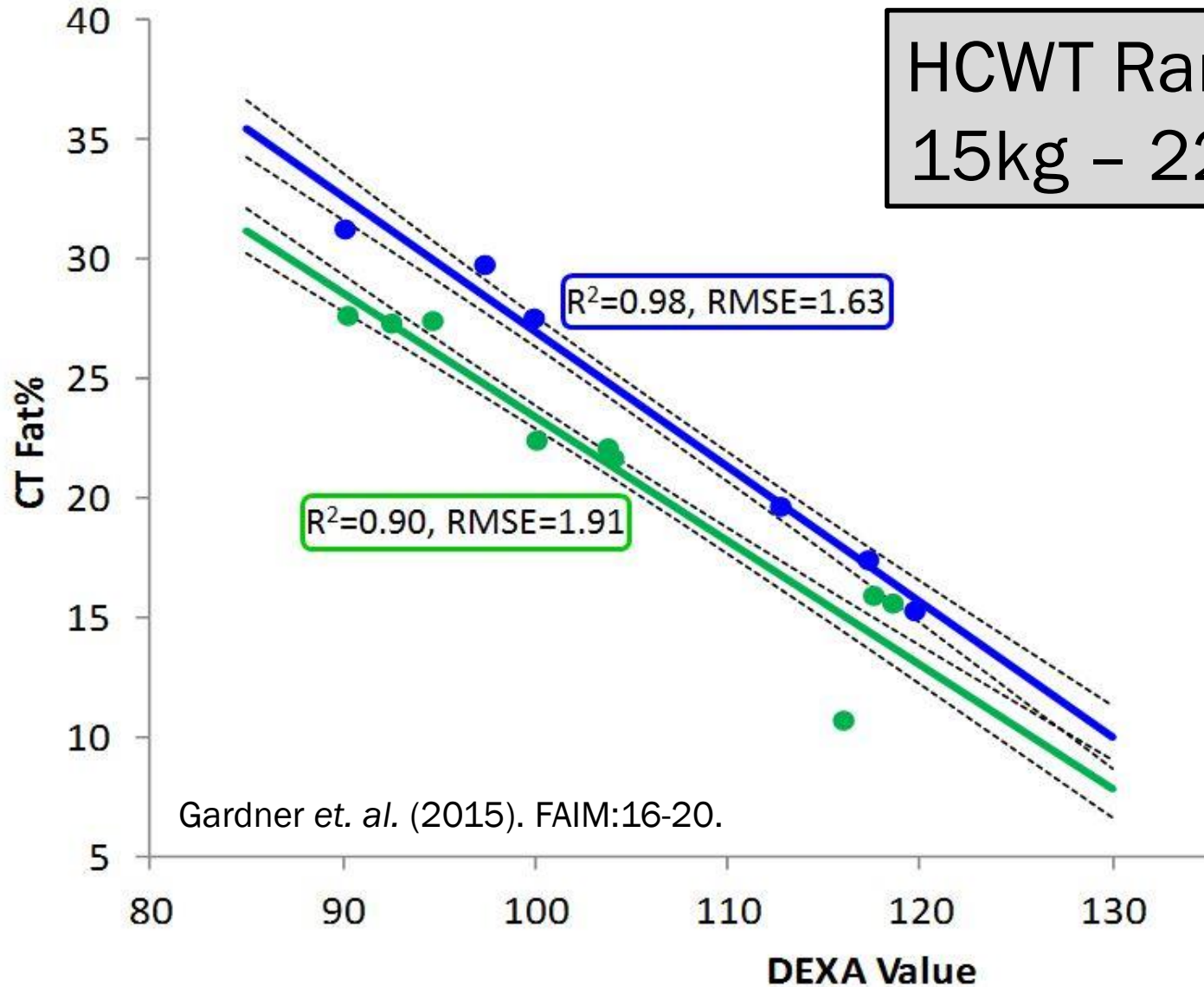
How can we generate these?

$$R \text{ value} = \ln(I/I_0)_{\text{LowEnergy}} / \ln(I/I_0)_{\text{HighEnergy}}$$



# NZ DEXA Results – Fat%

HCWT Range  
15kg – 22kg

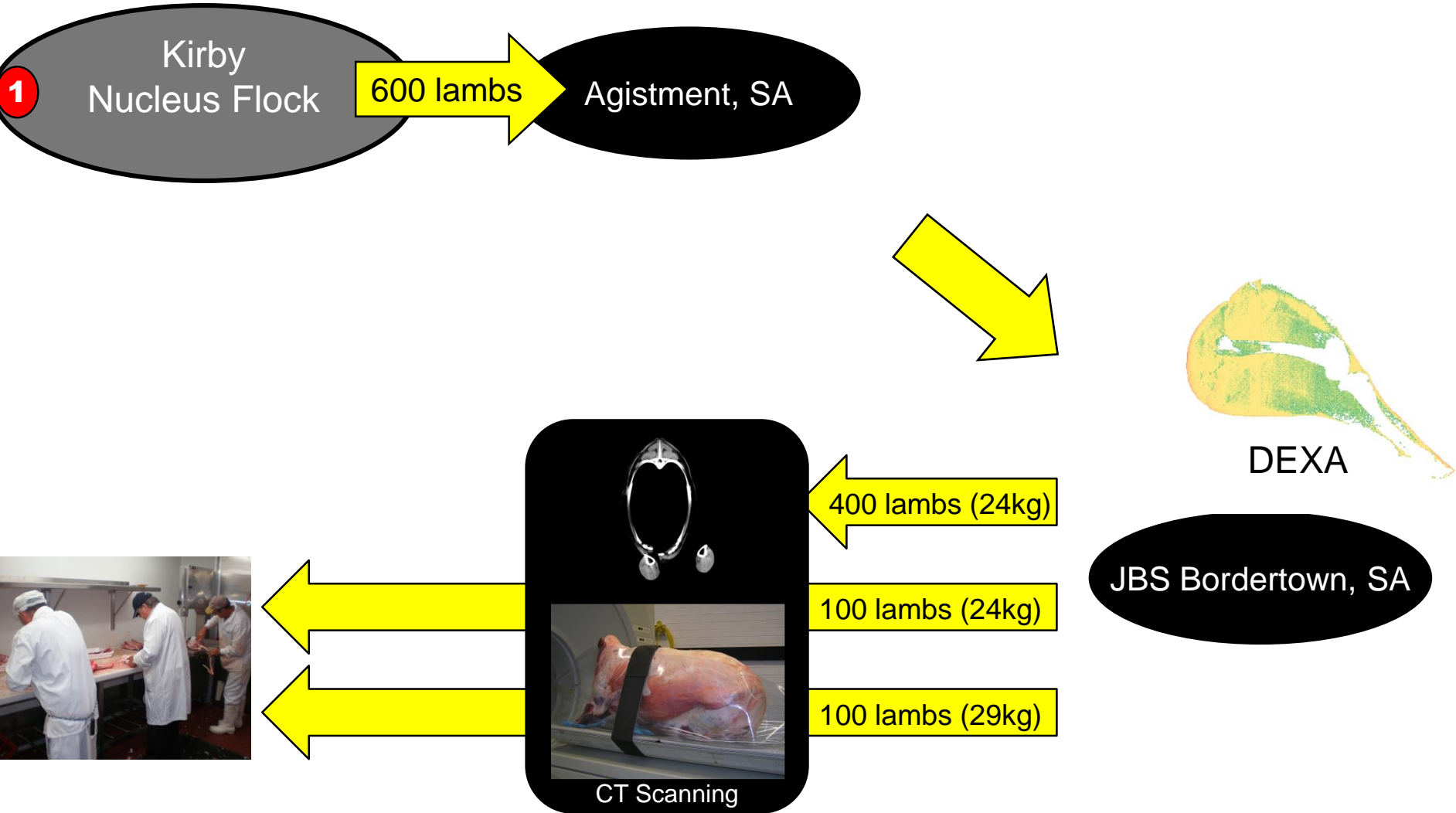


Gardner et. al. (2015). FAIM:16-20.

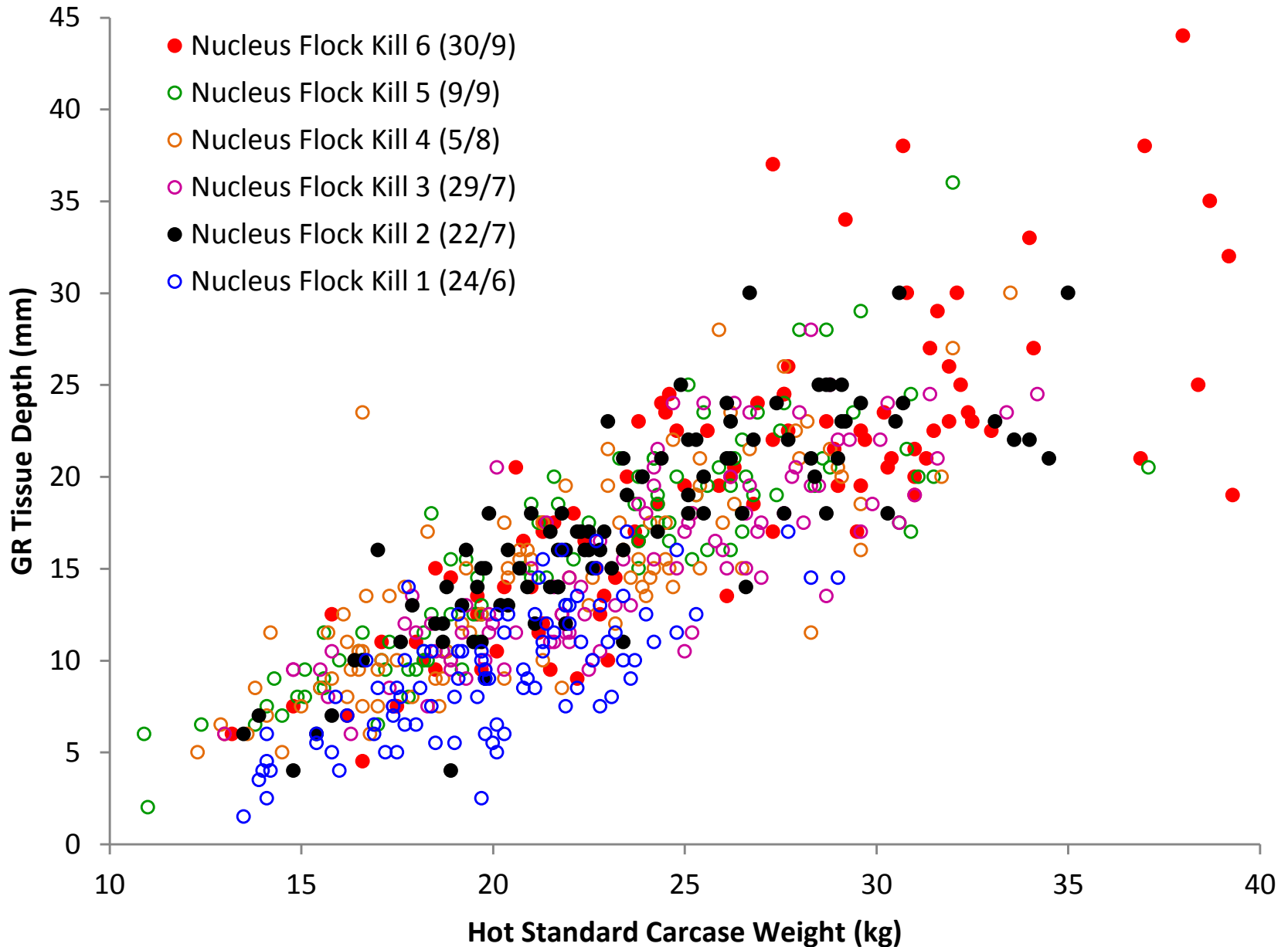


# Calibration

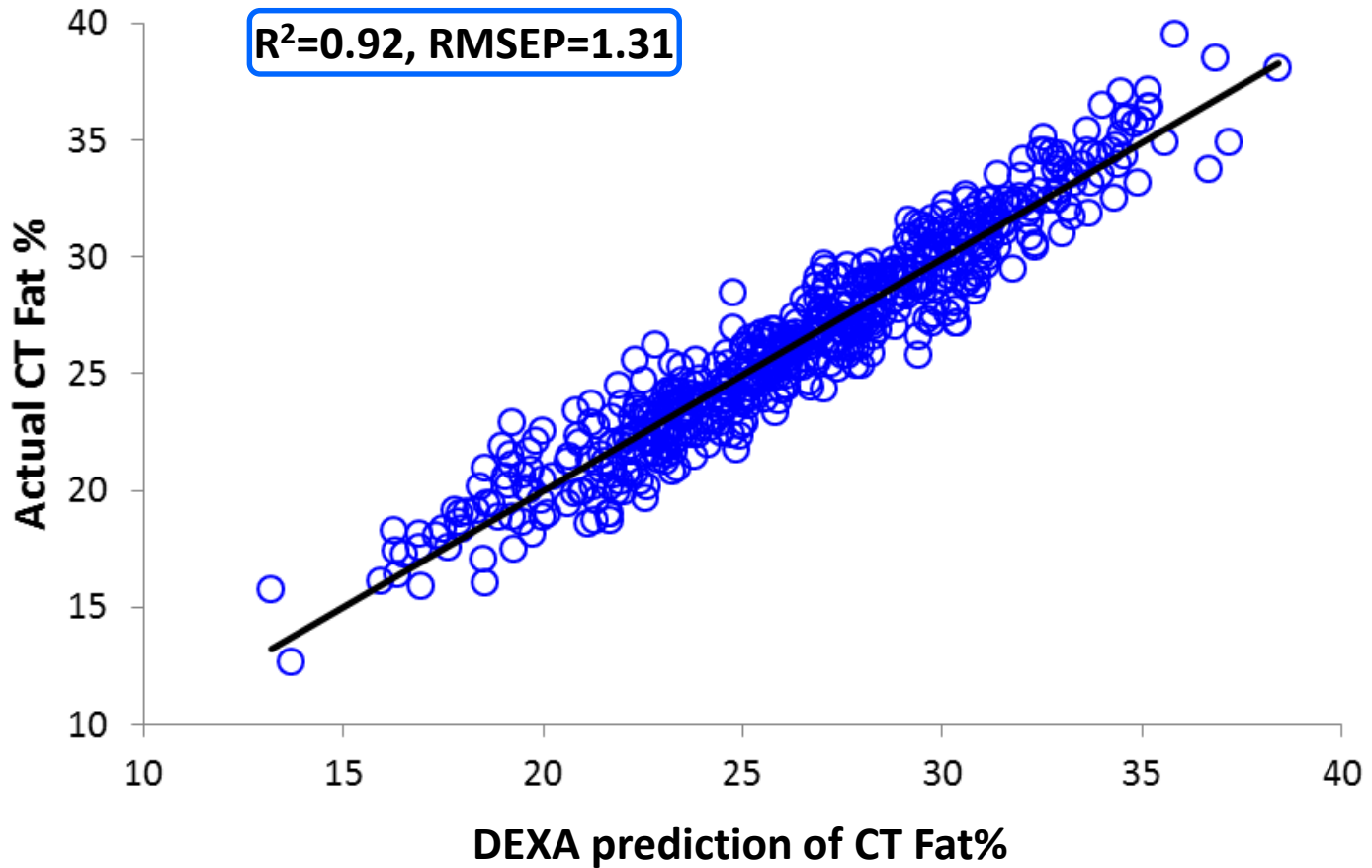
To drive industry adoption of yield measurement and payment



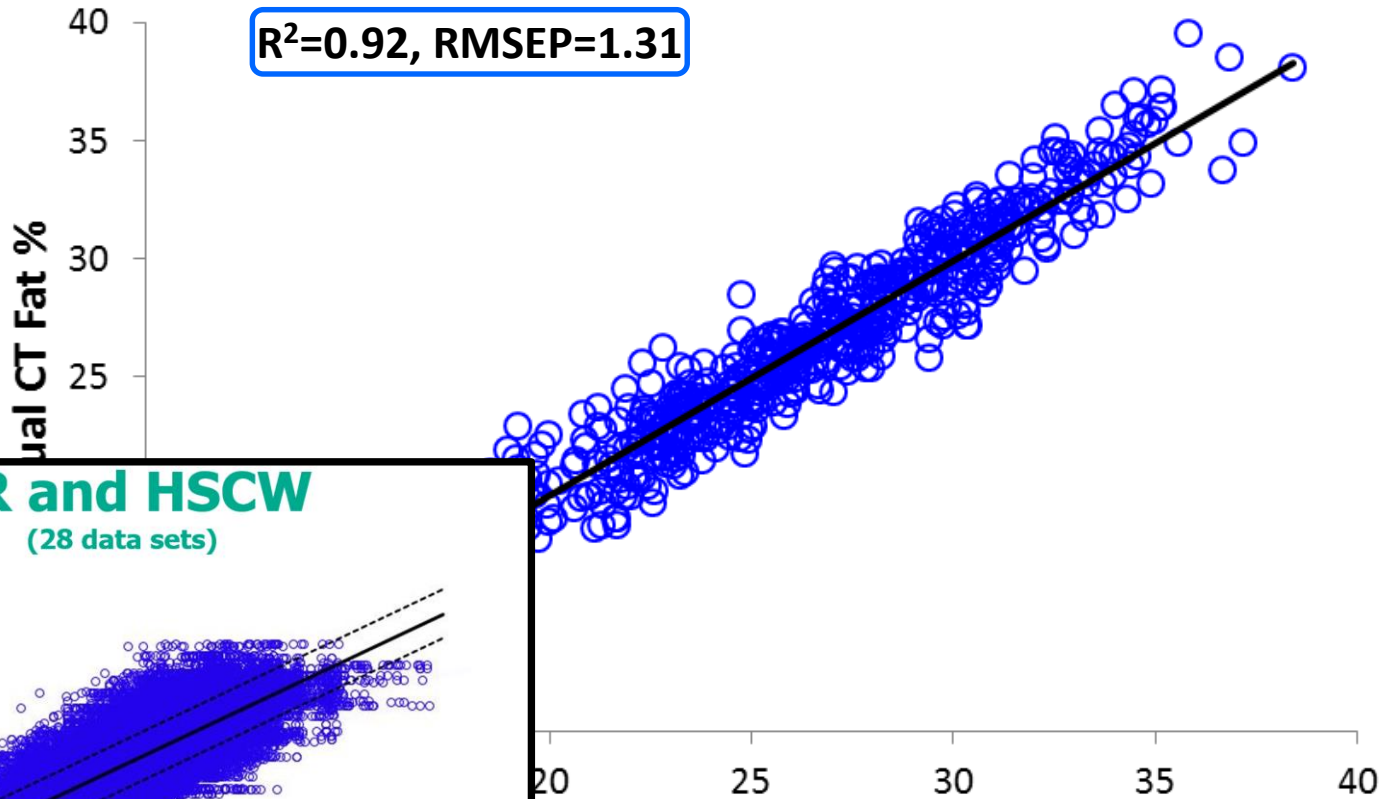
# Nucleus Flock/DEXA



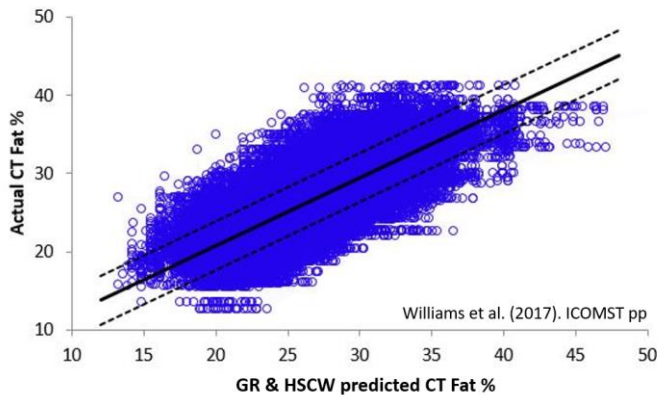
# DEXA predicting CT



# DEXA predicting CT



## GR and HSCW (28 data sets)



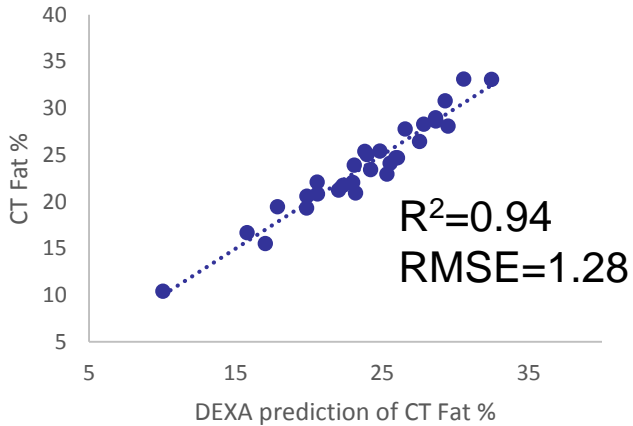
DEXA prediction of CT Fat%

# DEXA repeatability

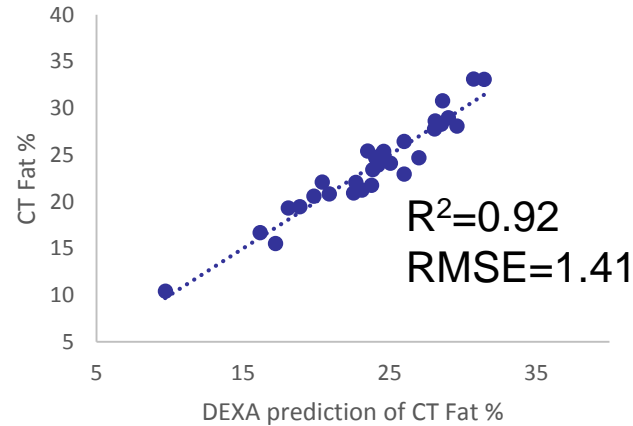


# Carcases over time (72h)

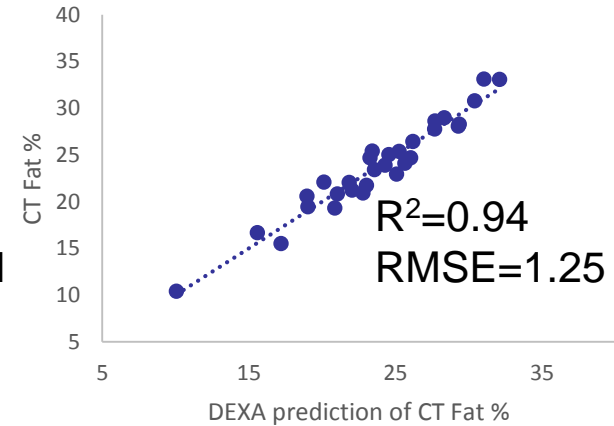
Hot



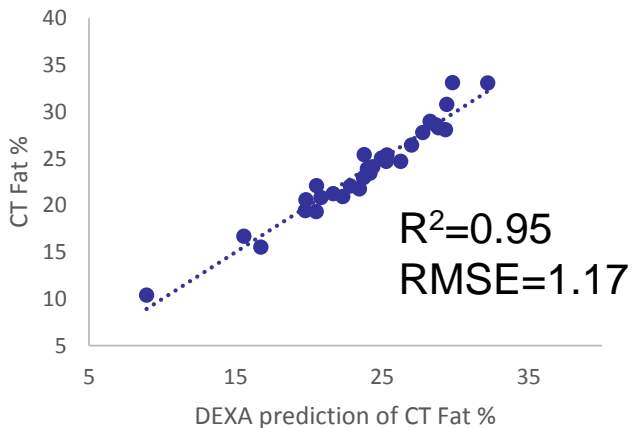
12h



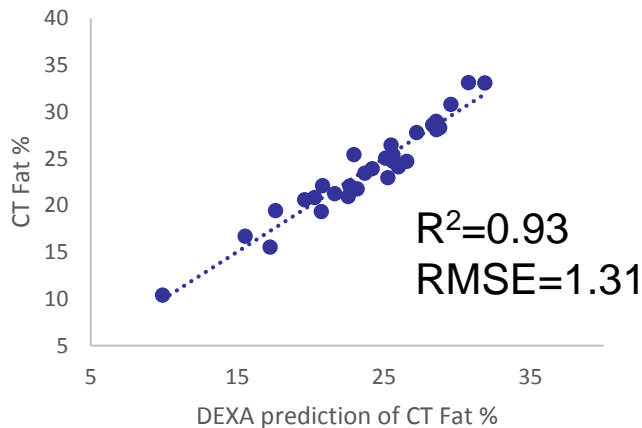
24h



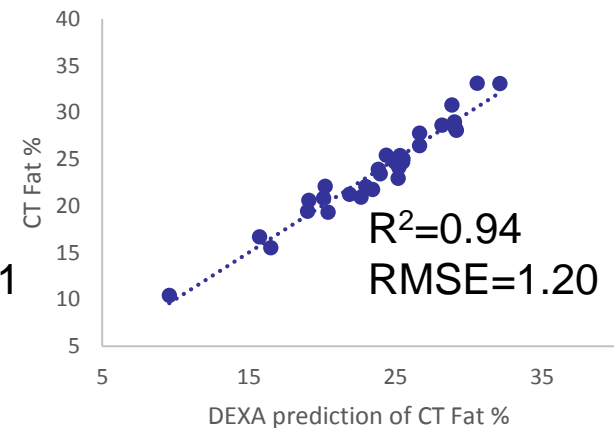
36h



48h



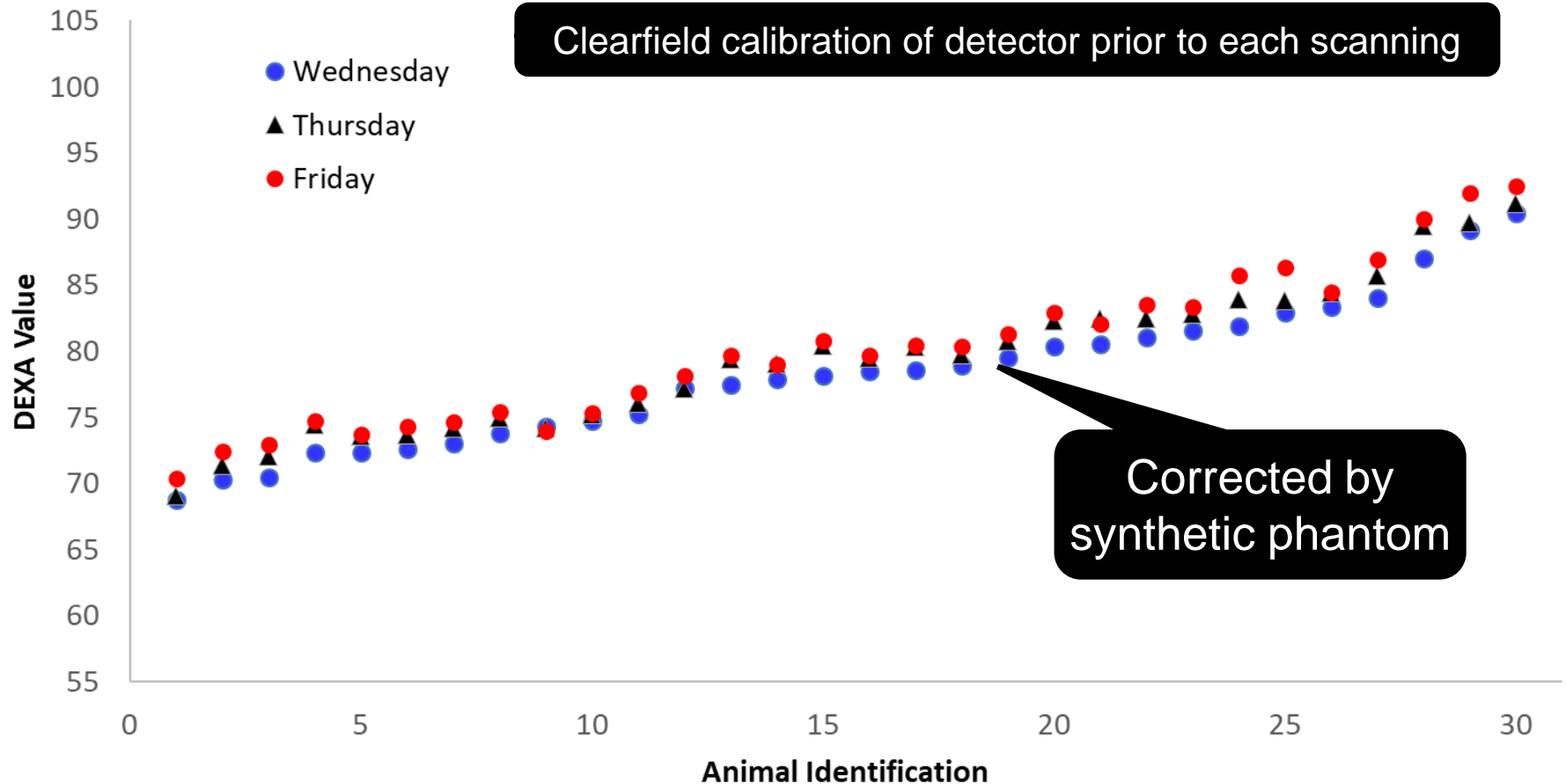
72h









# Repeatability

## (30 carcasses repeat scanned)



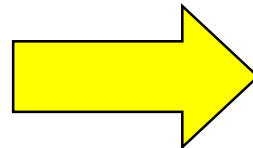
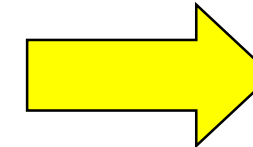
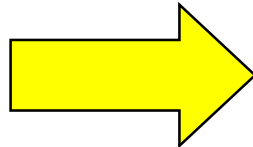
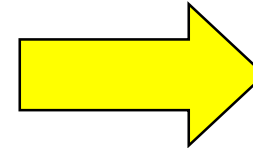
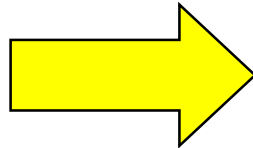
# Influence of abattoir factors?

- Spray chilling 
- Carcase orientation (180 degree turn) 
- Carcase temperature 
- Time post mortem  (no  $\Delta$  in precision)

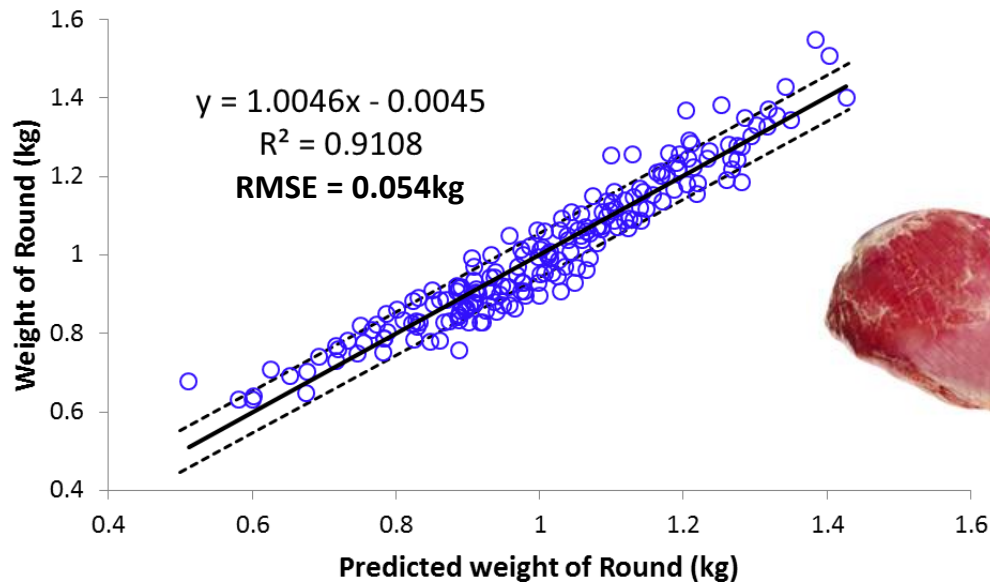
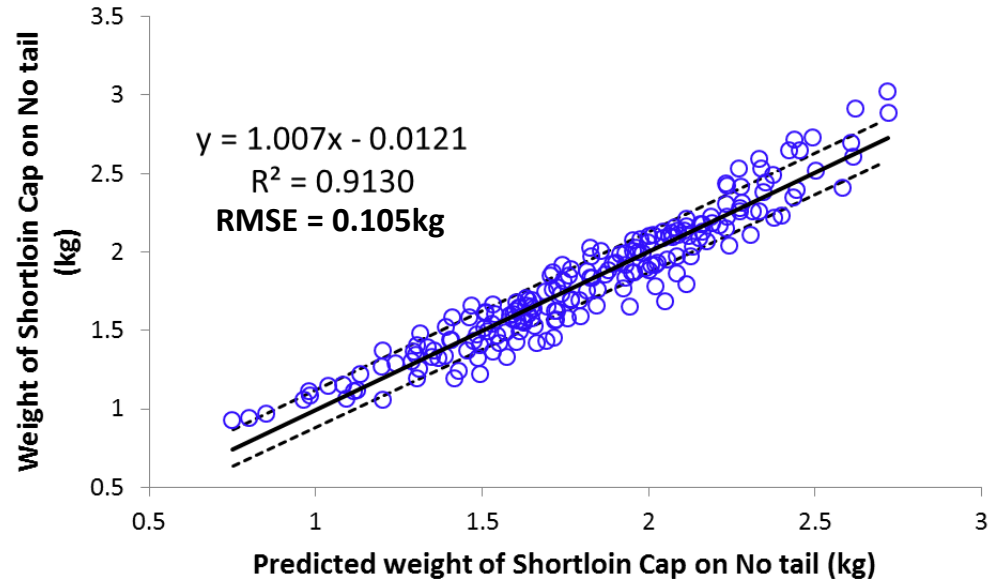
# Estimating cut weight using DEXA



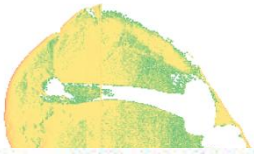
# DEXA to predict cut weights



# Predicting round & shortloin wt using HCWT plus DEXAfat value



# Carcase Calculator



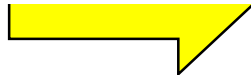
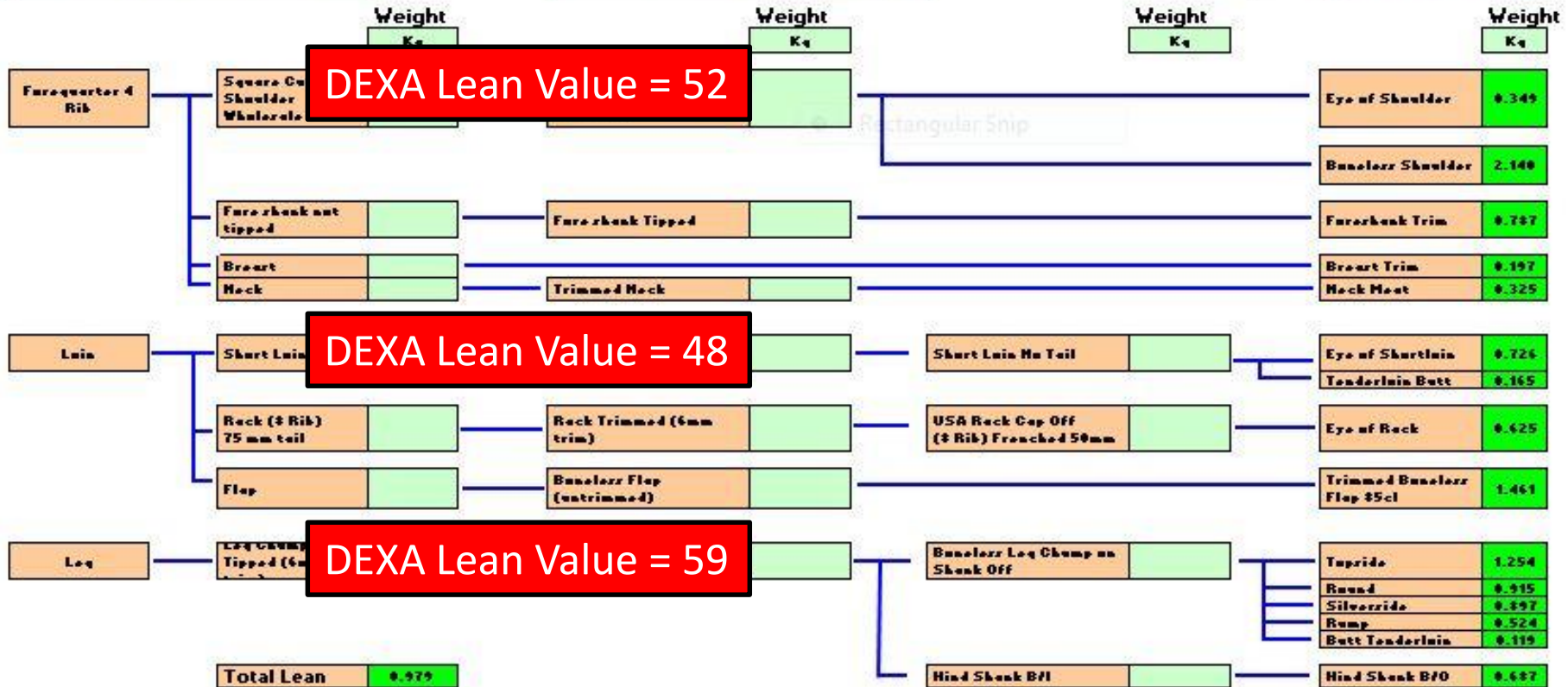
## Primal Weight Estimates

Total Retail Value **\$221.54**

Trade: Over the Hooks. X-Breed Av. GR: 14.1mm Av. HCW: 23 kg Shrinkage: 2.5 %

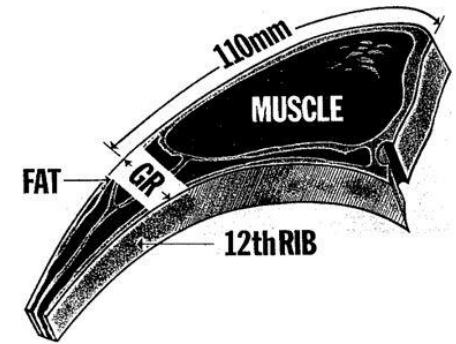
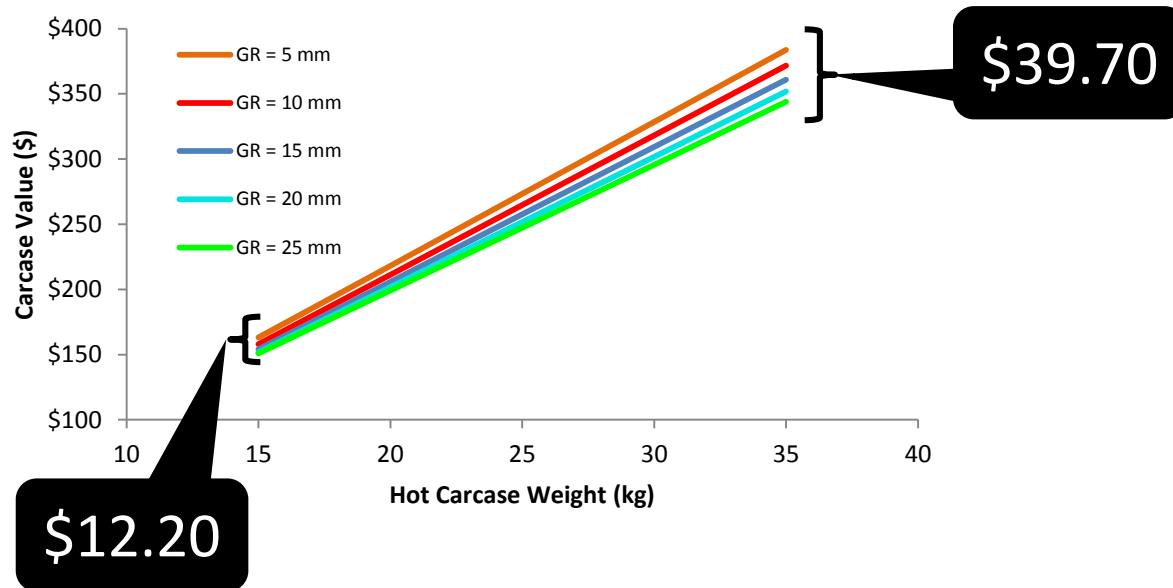
Carcase Gross Prof **\$35.55 16.0%**

[Back to Main Menu](#)

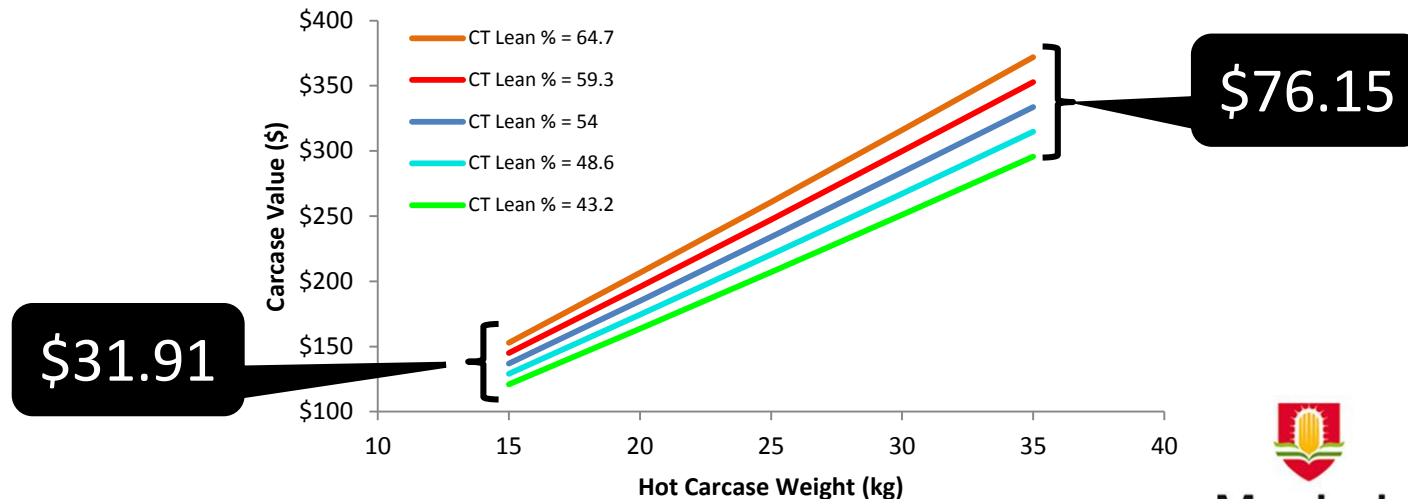
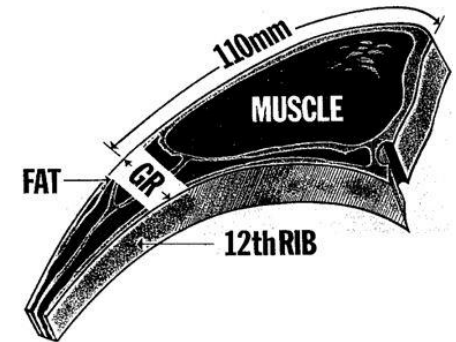
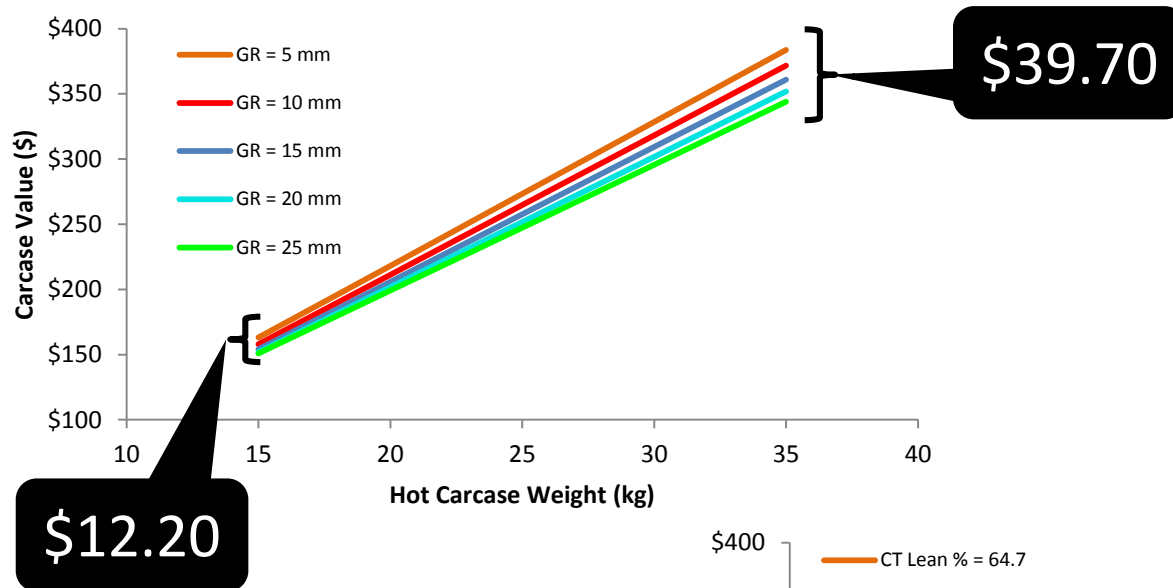




# What does extra precision mean for the carcass calculator?



# What does extra precision mean for the carcass calculator?



# Optimise carcass usage



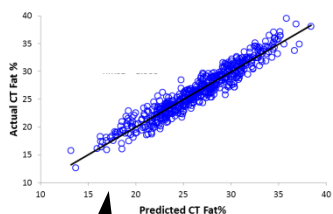
Grid Ref - Week:		7		Cut Retail Values										Valid For Kills: 24/2/14-28/2/14			
XB Lambs																	
Grade	Fat mm	Dent	-14	14.1-16	16.1-18	18.1-20	20.1-22	22.1-24	24.1-26	26.1-28	28.1-30	30.1-32	32+				
S1	0 - 5	0	\$1.30	\$2.10	\$3.30	\$4.70	\$4.70	\$4.70	\$4.70	\$4.70	\$4.70	\$4.70	\$4.20				
S2	6 - 10	0	\$1.60	\$2.40	\$3.60	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$4.50				
S3	11 - 15	0	\$1.60	\$2.40	\$3.60	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$4.50				
S4	16 - 20	0	\$1.60	\$2.40	\$3.60	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$4.50				
S5	20 +	0	\$1.60	\$2.40	\$3.60	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$4.50				



Wt & DEXA & EQ

Bone out cost

Cut wt by retail value



Adj for cut market volume

Characterise carcass grades

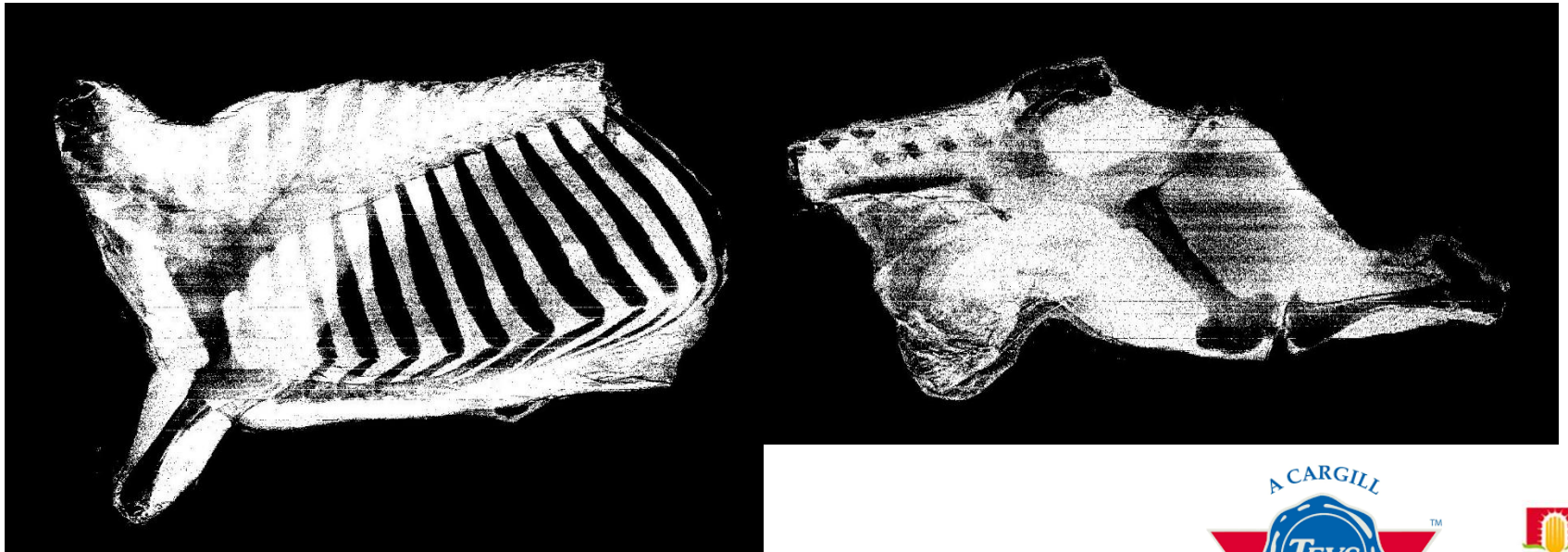
Carcass decisions to optimise profit



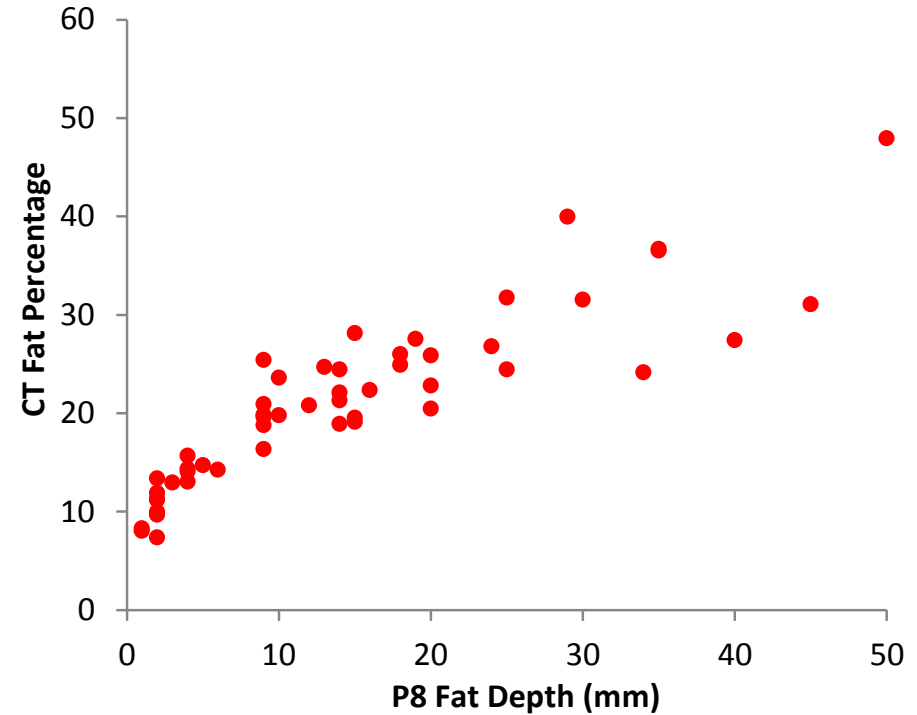
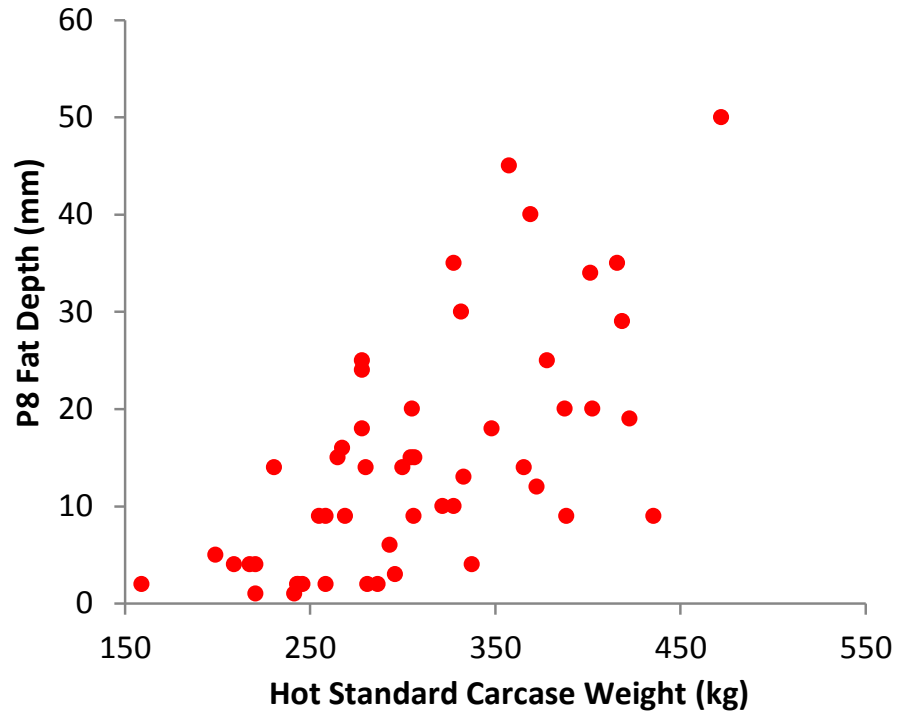
Optimised profit



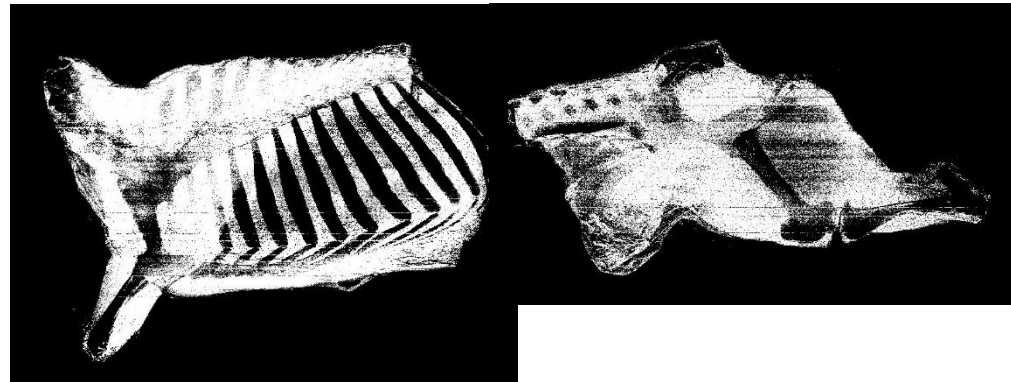
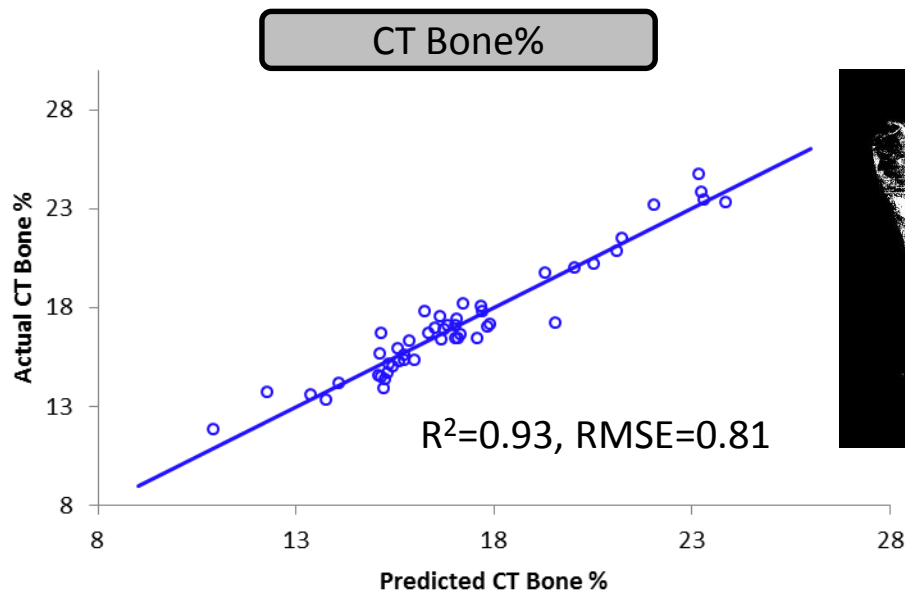
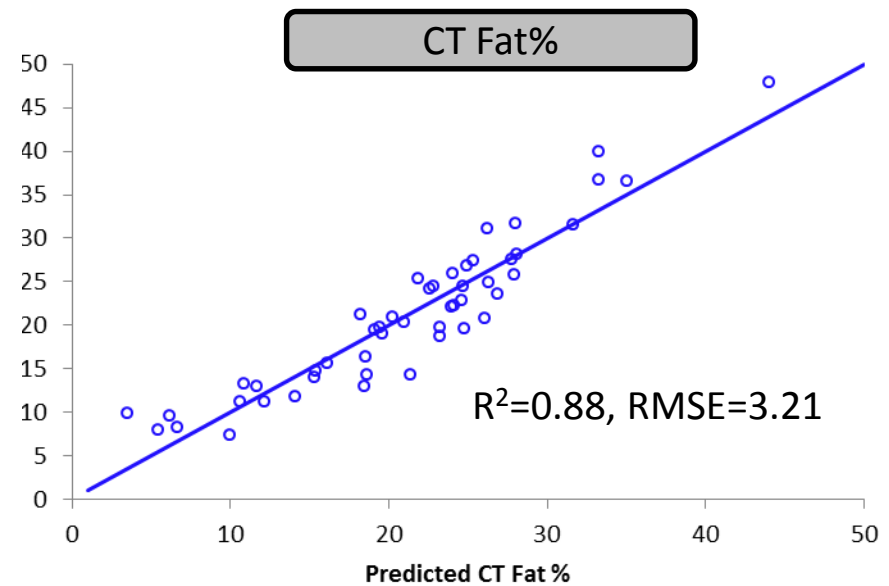
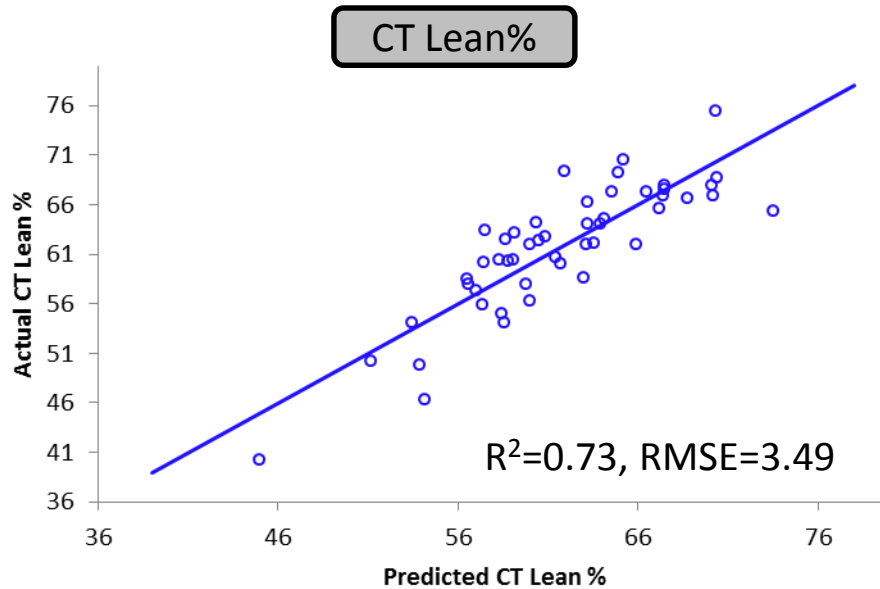
# Beef DEXA



# Beef DEXA– Carcasse Data



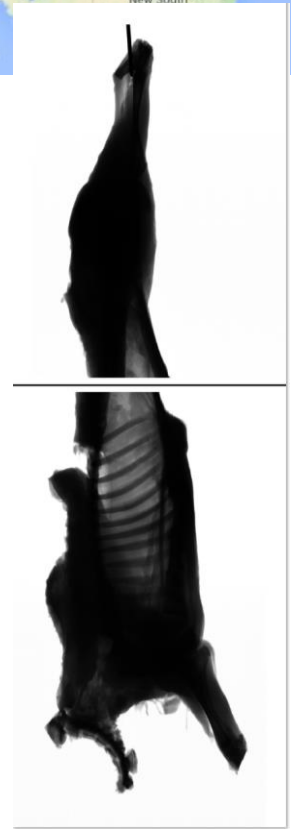
# Predicting CT composition in Beef





# Beef DEXA: Teys Rockhampton

- Hardware adapted from lamb
  - 2 tubes, 2 detectors
  - Sides scanned separately
- Calibration work commenced
- CT in 2019



# Is DEXA relevant to MSA?



# Is DEXA relevant to MSA?

## Meat Standards Australia eating quality model

Description	Format	Name	Input	?	Aged	cut	muscle	GRL	RST	SFR	TSL	SCT	CRN
Estimated % Bos Indicus	% or X if doubt	EPBI	0			spinalis	SPN081	79	69	79	75		
Animal Sex Type	M/F	Sex	F			tenderloin	TDR034	82		76			
more Growth Promotent	Y or ? / N	HGP	n			tenderloin	TDR062	78	77	80	74		
MilkFedVesler	Y/N	MFV	n			tenderloin	TDR063	73					
SaleYard	Y/N	SIYrd	n			cube roll	CUB045	62	62	62	64		
						striploin	STA045	55	56	58	58		
Rinse/Flush	Y/N	RnFl	n			striploin	STP045	53	54	57	57		
Hot Std Carcase Weight	Weight in Kg	HSCW	350			ogster blade	OYS036	67	64	69	72		
HangMethod	T/TSL/TL/TC/XT	Hang	at			blade	BLD095			43			
						blade	BLD096	53	57	58	59	59	
Hump Height	mm	Hump	63			chucktender	CTR085		49	51	53	59	
Ossification USDA	USDA measure	uoss	290			rump	RMP131	51	59	56	62	54	
Marbling USDA	USDA measure	umb	300			rump	RMP231	54	62	61	60		
bfFat	mm	RbFt	10			rump	RMP005	59		67	67		
pH	Metered pH	UpH	5.5			rump	RMP032			64	68		
Temp	Metered Temp C	Uttmp	9			rump	RMP087		52	57	55	56	
Days of	Days Aged	Age	5			knuckle	KNU066	46	59	54	58	47	
						knuckle	KNU098			54	59	56	
						knuckle	KNU099	36	47	44	51	52	
						knuckle	KNU100			60	62	55	
						outside flat	OUT005		40	43	56	59	52
						outside flat	OUT029			54	61	55	
						eye round	EYE075	40	44	42	45	46	45
						topside	TOP001	39		51	53	50	
						topside	TOP033	40		53	58	60	
						topside	TOP073	34	43	43	56	52	
						chuck	CHK068			48	53	65	
						chuck	CHK074	63	56	61	67	72	
						chuck	CHK078	56	57	58	62	69	
						chuck	CHK081			60	64	75	
						chuck	CHK082			52	56		
						thin-flank	TFL051			58		58	
						thin-flank	TFL052			67	59	64	
						thin-flank	TFL064			61	58	60	
						rib-blade	RIB041			48			
						brisket	BRI056			44	58	60	38
						brisket	BRI057			41	49	64	
						shin	FQshin					57	
						shin	HQshin					60	
						intercostal	INT037			57			

Yield indicators



Carcase Wt



IMF



Rib Fat



# Is DEXA relevant to MSA?

Computed Tomography  
“the gold standard”



Days of

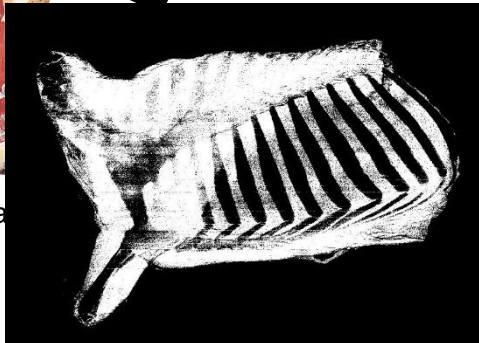
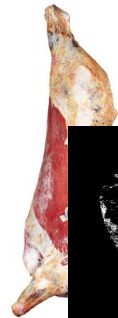
Days Aged

Age

ards Australia eating quality model

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V	n			tenderloin	TDR063	73					
d	n			cube roll	CUB045	62	62	62	64		
	n			striploin	STA045	55	56	58	58		
	350			striploin	STP045	53	54	57	57		
at				ogster blade	OYS036	67	64	69	72		
	63			blade	BLD095			43			
	40			blade	BLD096	53	57	58	59	59	
ab	300			chucktender	CTR085		49	51	53	59	
Ft	10			rump	RMP131	51	59	56	62	54	
bPH	5.5			rump	RMP231	54	62	61	60		
ump	9			rump	RMP005	59		67	67		
				rump	RMP032			64	68		
				rump	RMP087		52	57	55	56	
				knuckle	KNU066	46	59	54	58	47	
				knuckle	KNU098			54	59	56	
				knuckle	KNU099	36	47	44	51	52	
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				outside flat	OUT005		40	43	56	59	52
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				eye round	EYE075	40	44	42	45	46	45
				topside	TOP001	39		51	53	50	
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				chuck	CHK068			48	53	65	
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				chuck	CHK078	56	57	58	62	69	
				chuck	CHK081			60	64	75	
				chuck	CHK082			52	56		
				thin-flank	TFL051			58		58	
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				brisket	BRI057			41	49	64	
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				shin	HQshin					60	
				intercostal	INT037			57			

Yield indicators



DEXA



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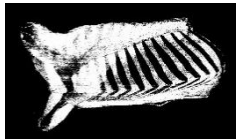
# CT as calibrating standard





# CT as calibrating standard

A common trait for all devices



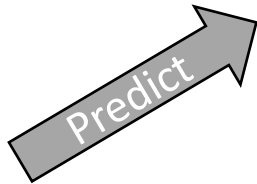
DEXA



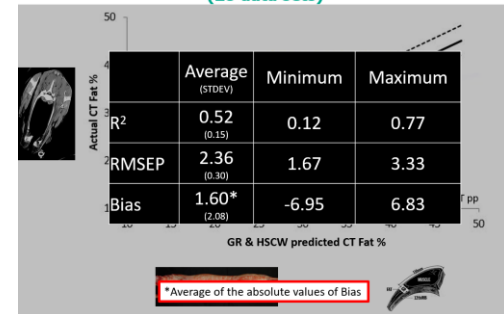
3D imaging



VIAScan



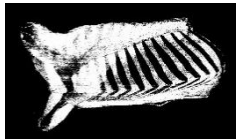
## GR and HSCW (28 data sets)





# CT as calibrating standard

A common trait for all devices



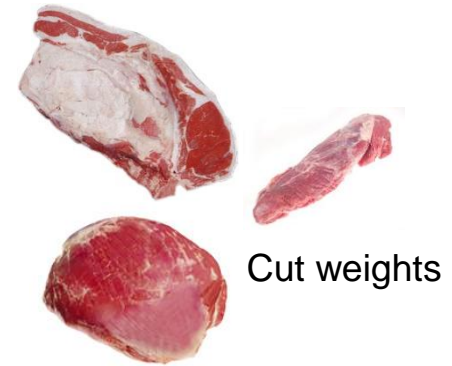
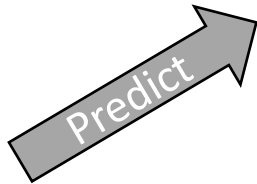
DEXA



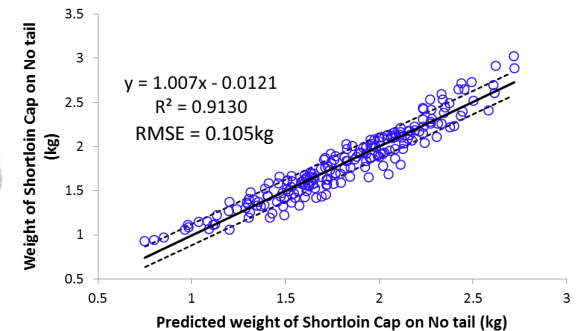
3D imaging



VIAScan

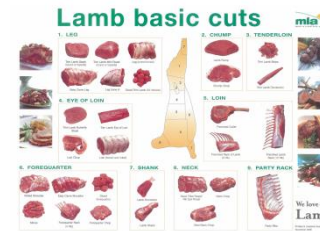
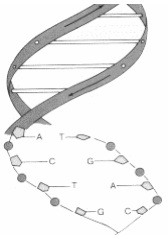


Cut weights

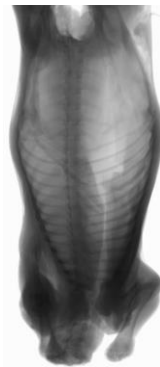


# CT as the calibrating standard

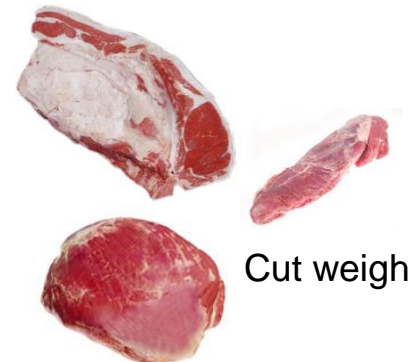
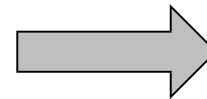
- Supply chain information



Wt of carcass  
bone, muscle, fat



DEXA



Cut weights

# Conclusion

- Existing carcass measurement is poor
- ALMTech will accelerate development
  - Beef, lamb, pork industries
- Integrative systems to use DEXA info
- DEXA lamb carcass composition
- Beef DEXA promising



# Supporting partners



Australian Government

Department of Agriculture  
and Water Resources



FRONTMATEC





**Australian Government**  
**Department of Agriculture**  
**and Water Resources**

Rural Research and  
Development for Profit  
Programme  
Keeping Australian farmers  
at the cutting edge





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**Department of Agriculture**  
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# Radiation mitigation

## In people?

- We get ~ 3mSv per year via 'background' radiation
  - + 1.5 at higher altitude
  - + 0.05 for a flight across Australia
- Human DEXA scan delivers ~ 0.001 mSv (equiv 3 hrs!)
- Continuous exposure?
  - Lead shielding in walls of the tunnel

## In food?

- Food Irradiation – safe & effective
  - FSANZ code – >1 kGy fruit, >30 kGy herbs & spices
  - Irradiation of imported foods (DAWR)



Australian Government  
Department of Agriculture  
and Water Resources

Rural Research and  
Development for Profit  
Programme  
Keeping Australian farmers  
at the cutting edge



# Industry led initiative

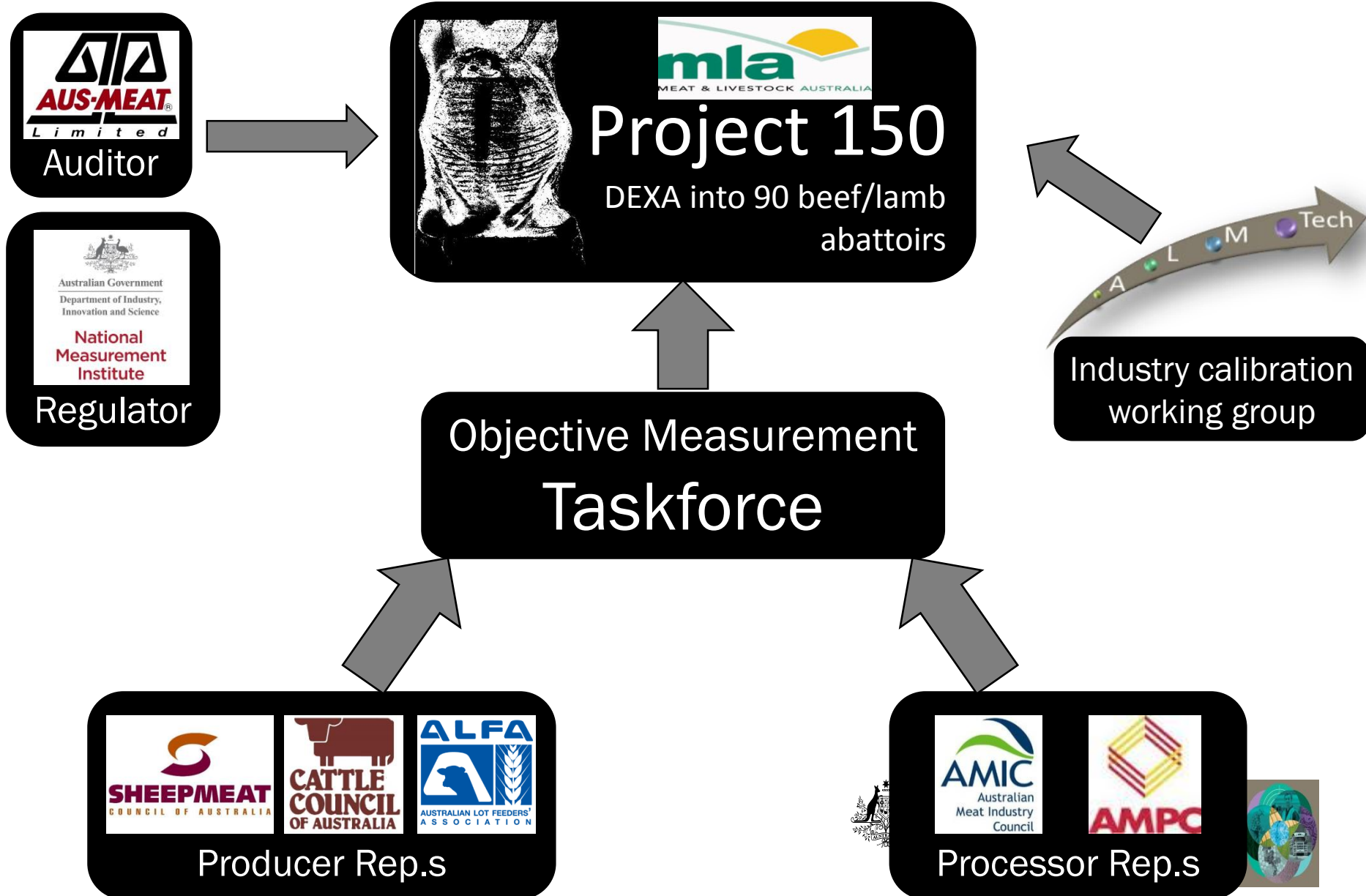


Producer Rep.s



Processor Rep.s

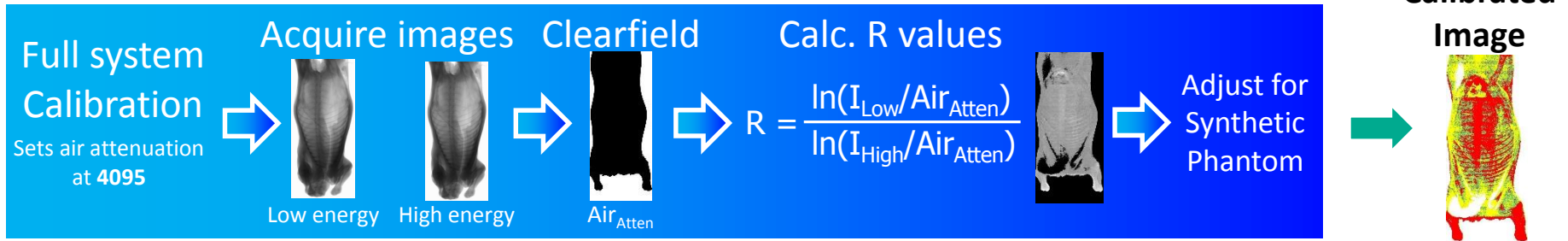
# Industry led initiative



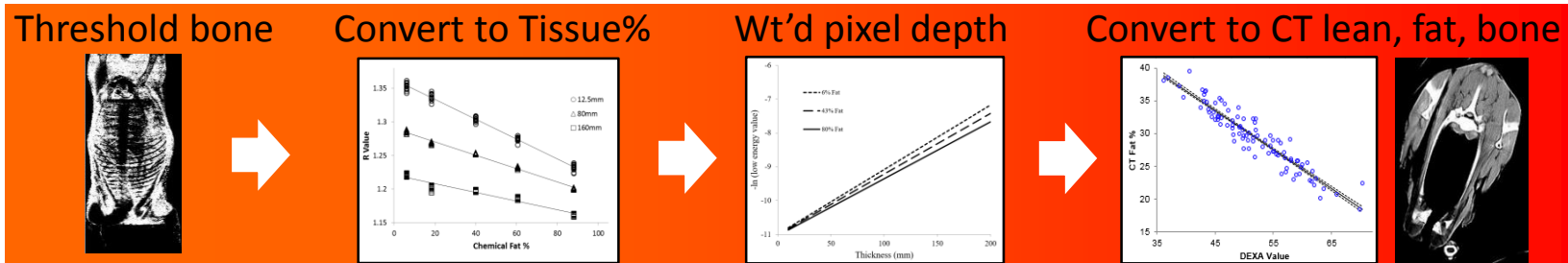
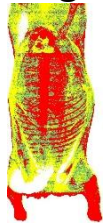
# Auditing DEXA



# Validation/Auditing

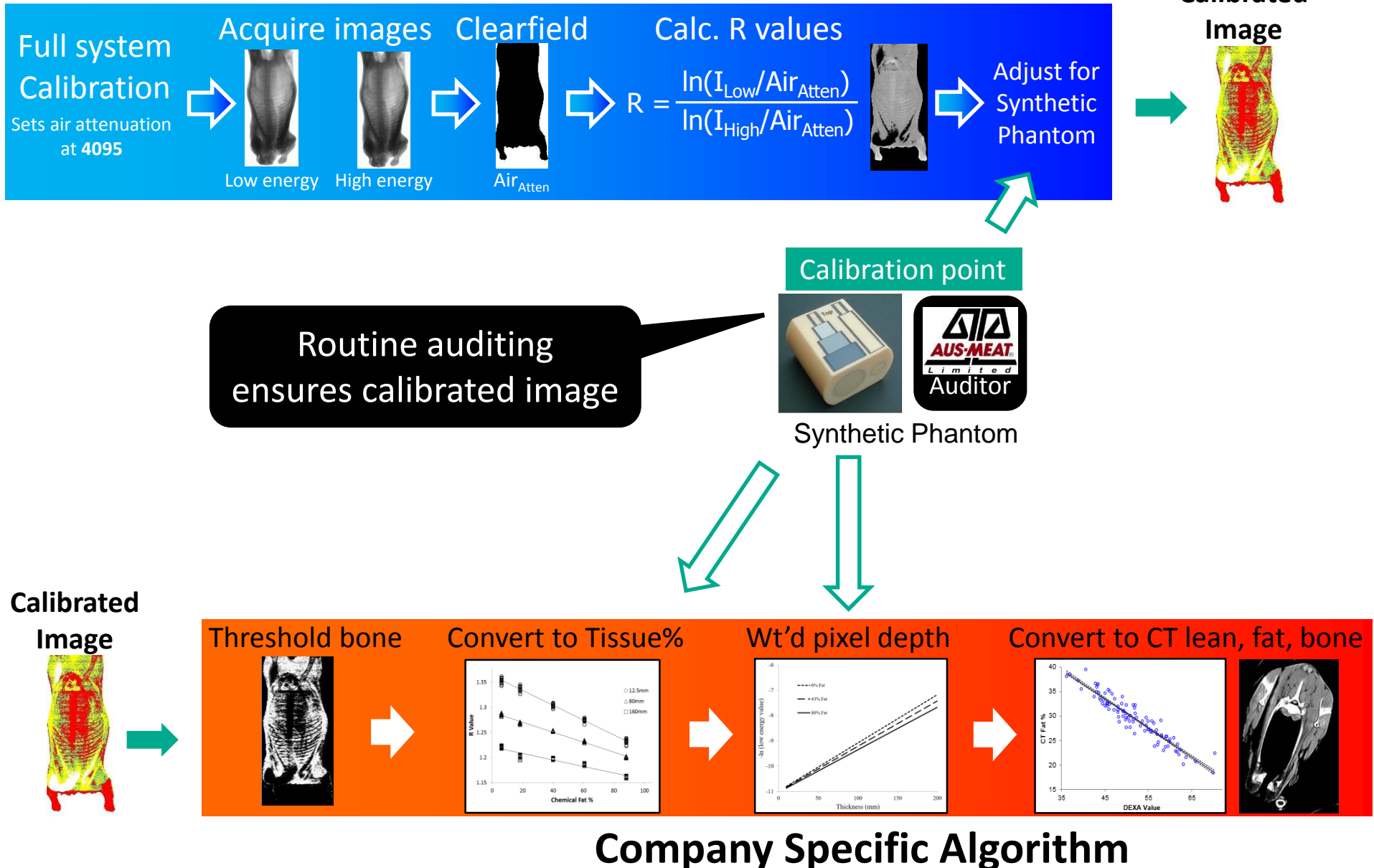


**Calibrated Image**



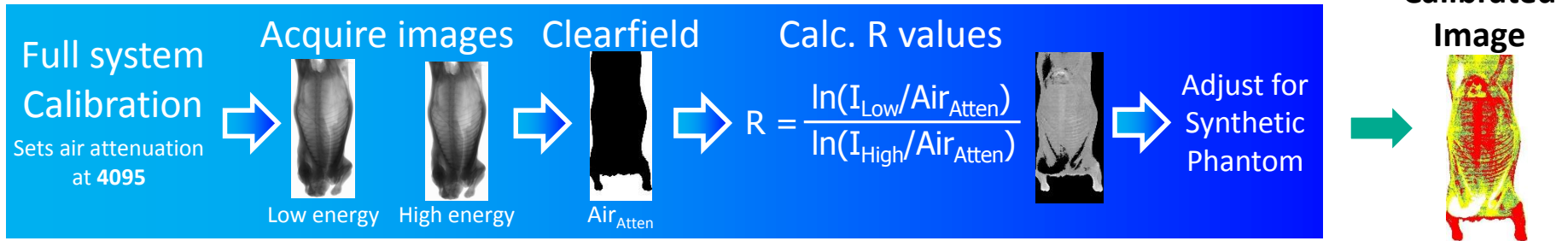
**Company Specific Algorithm**

# Validation/Auditing





# Validation/Auditing



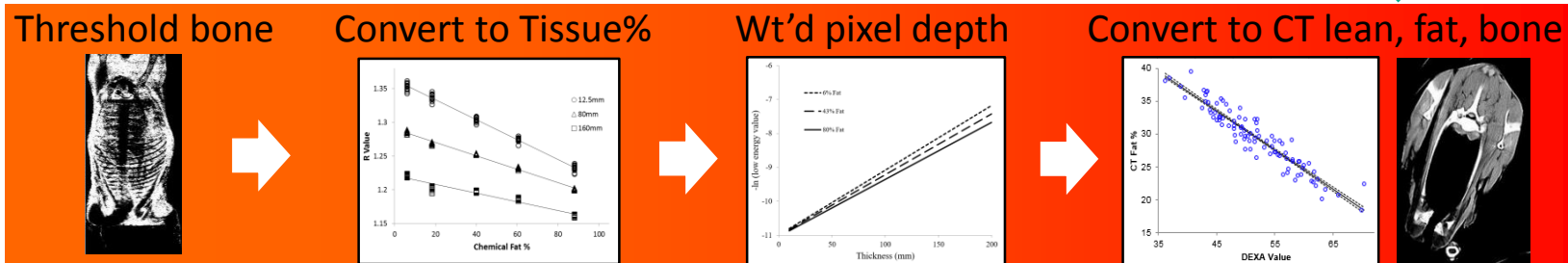
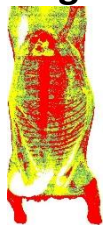
CT validation required when:

1. New DEXA hardware
2. Altered company algorithm
3. Disputes

Calibration point



**Calibrated Image**



**Company Specific Algorithm**

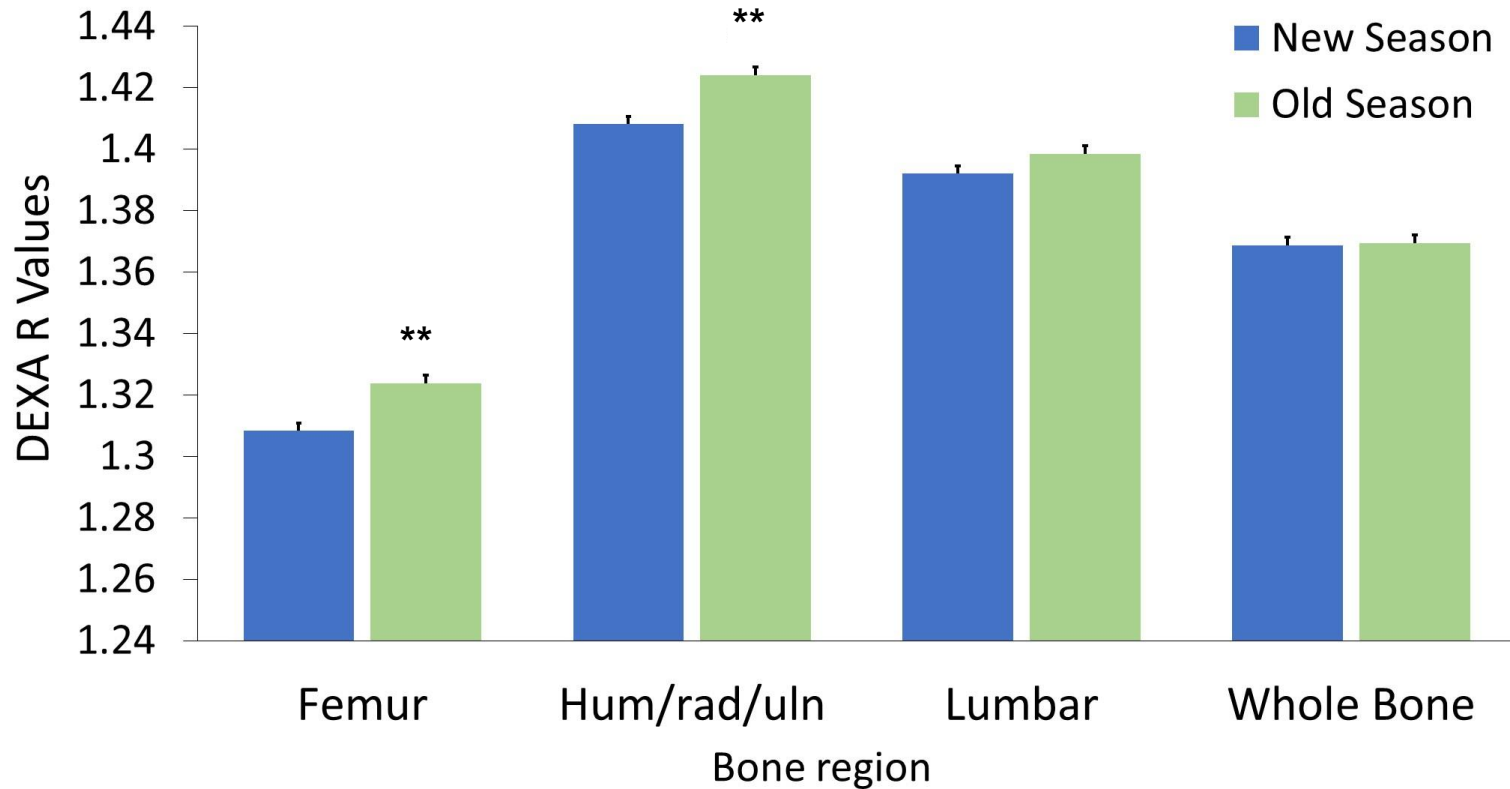
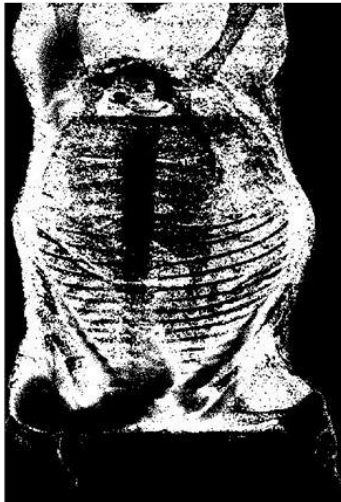


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# DEXA prediction of age/maturity



# DEXA to determine age

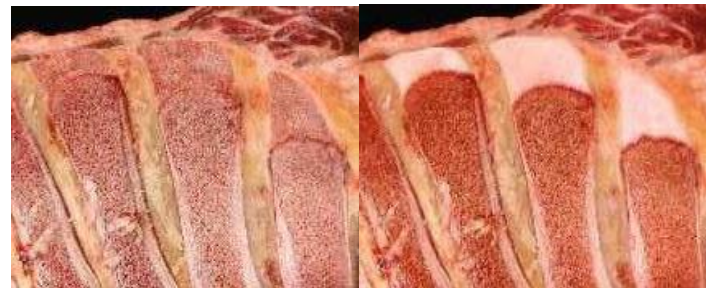


# DEXA to determine age

DEXA Image



	R-Value
Element	R
Hydrogen	1.0891
Carbon	1.2199
Nitrogen	1.3043
Oxygen	1.4167
Sodium	1.9045
Magnesium	2.0963
Phosphorus	2.7418
Sulfur	2.918
Chlorine	3.151
Potassium	3.4536
Calcium	3.5422



# Mobile CT Scanner

## Needs to be mobile!

1. Prove synthetic phantoms
2. Industry proof of concept data sets
3. Site comparisons
4. Genetic diversity
5. Spot check trouble spots
6. New technologies
7. New boneouts
8. \$\$\$ Keep product in supply chain



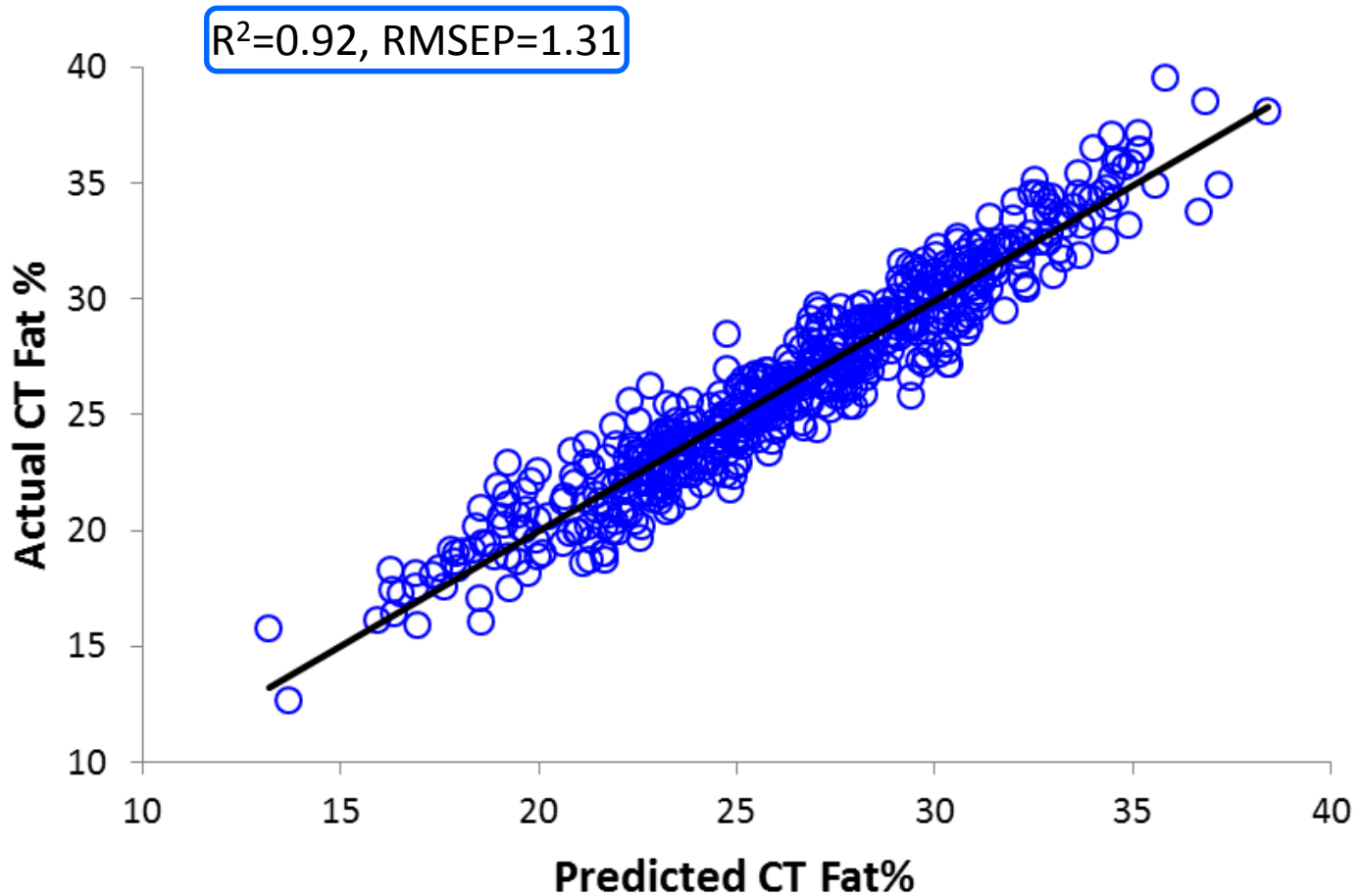




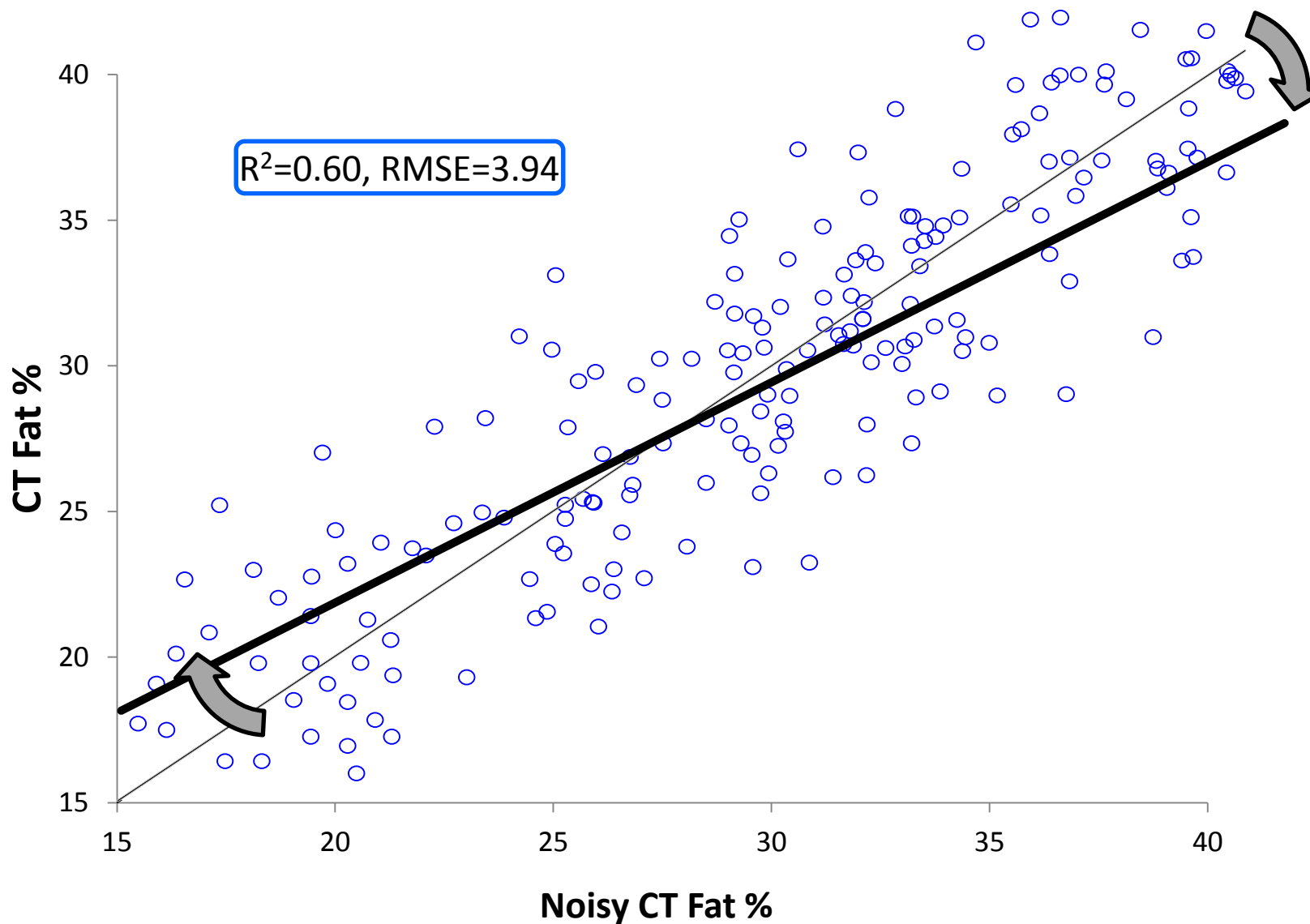
# DEXA bias analysis



# DEXA predicting CT

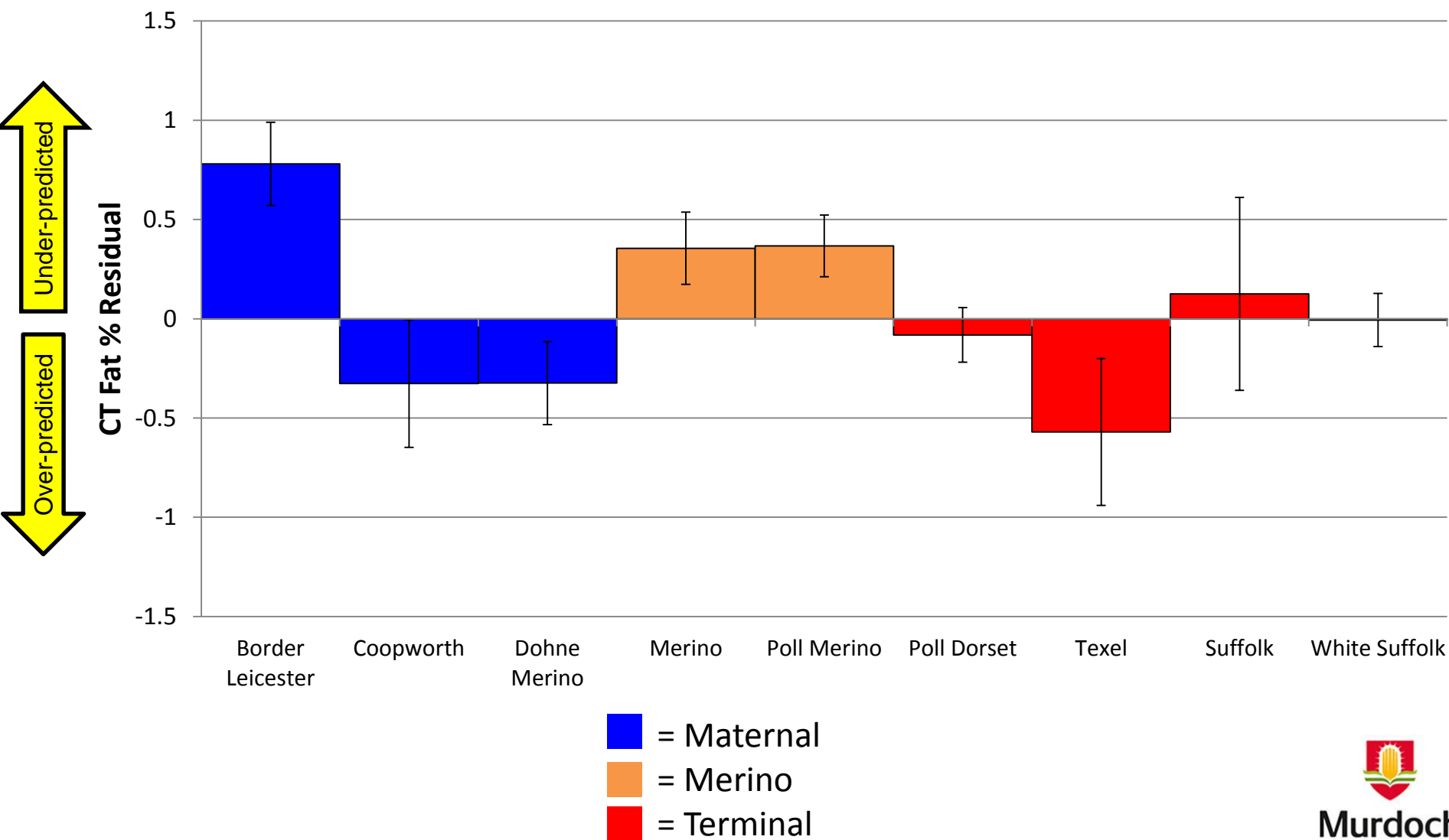


# Noisier measure of CT Fat%



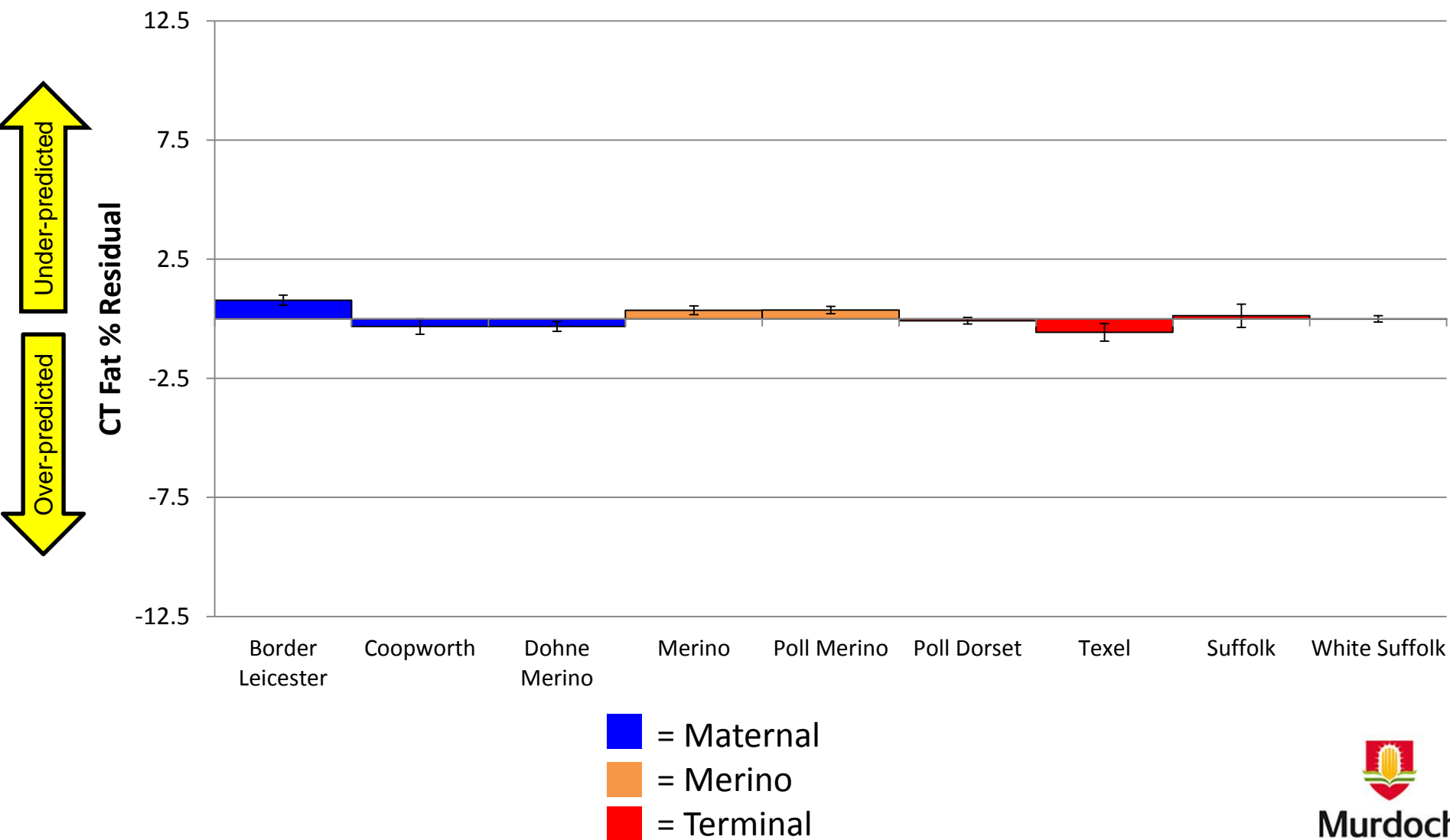
# DEXA accuracy for breeds and sire types

Residual = Difference between DEXA predicted CT fat % and actual CT fat %



# DEXA accuracy for breeds and sire types

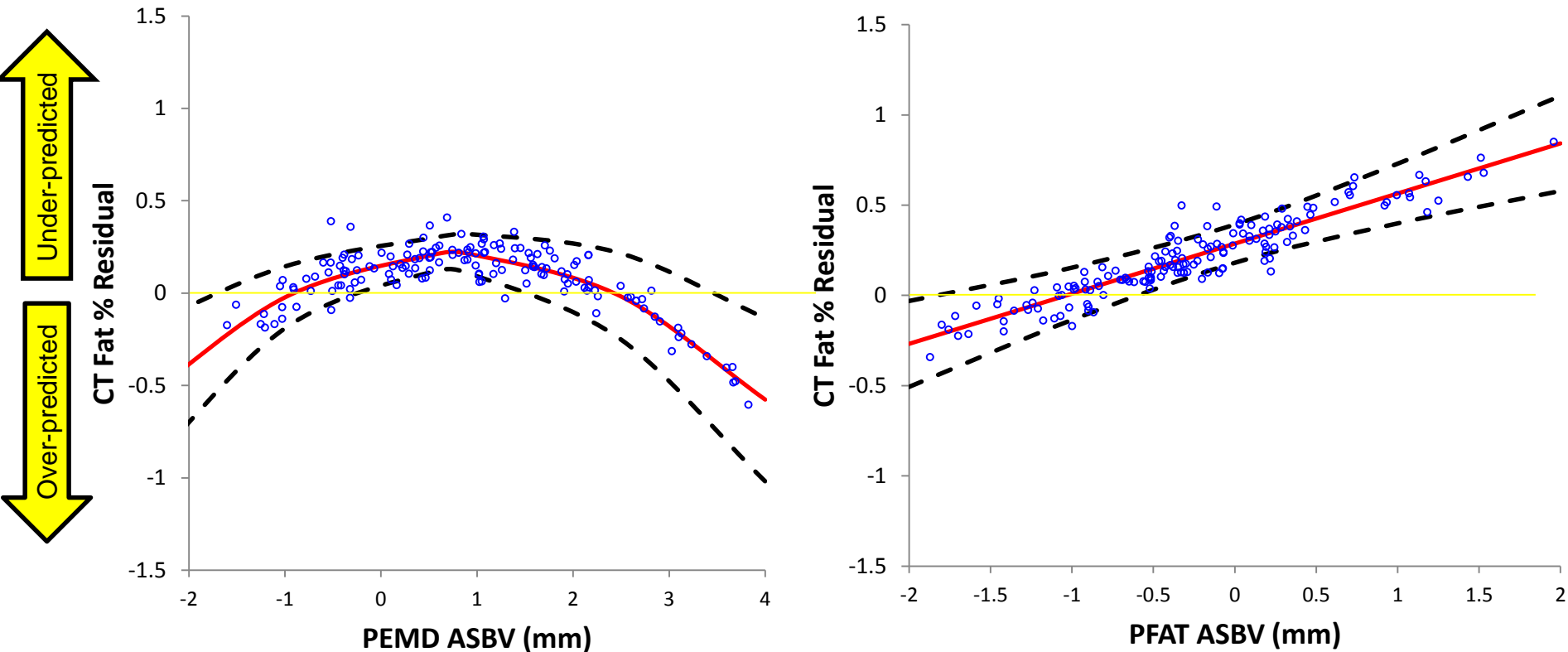
Residual = Difference between DEXA predicted CT fat % and actual CT fat %





# DEXA accuracy across divergent genetics

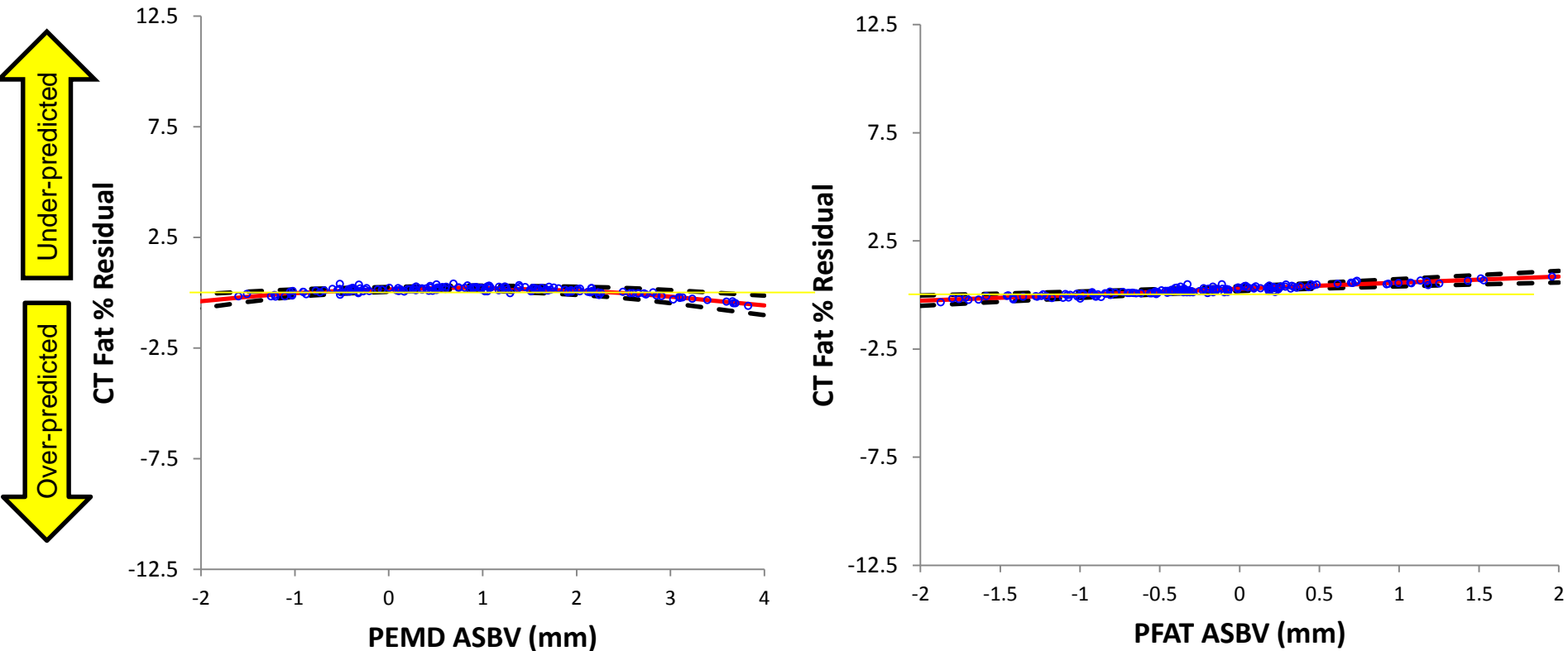
Residual = Difference between DEXA predicted CT fat % and actual CT fat %



Note: Range of fatness in sample population was 15-40%

# DEXA accuracy across divergent genetics

Residual = Difference between DEXA predicted CT fat % and actual CT fat %



Note: Range of fatness in sample population was 15-40%