

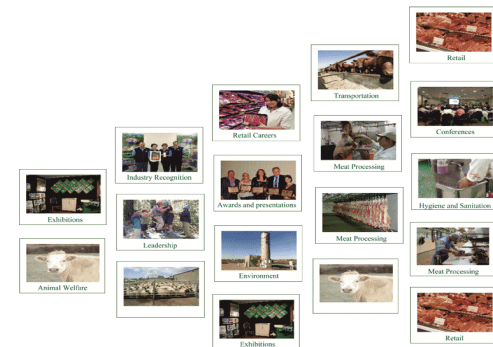


MINTRAC

NATIONAL MEAT INDUSTRY TRAINING ADVISORY COUNCIL LIMITED

Designing and validating assessment tools

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Topics to be covered

- Refresher - principles of assessment and rules of evidence
- Assessment tools vs assessment instruments
- Assessment tool design
 - planning
 - assessment methods
- Customisation and contextualisation
- Reasonable adjustment
- Validation and moderation
- Workshop activity and discussion

New trainer and assessor credential requirements – just a reminder!

- TAE40116; or
- TAE40110 is still valid, but you must hold both:
 - TAE LLN411
 - TAE ASS502
- Deadline is ~~1 April 2019~~ Now 1 July
- TAE ASS502 is the unit for designing and developing assessment tools



Refresher - principles of assessment and rules of evidence

- Principles of assessment (four):

- Rules of evidence (four):



Refresher - principles of assessment and rules of evidence

- Principles of assessment (four):

1. Fair
2. Reliable
3. Valid
4. Flexible

- Rules of evidence (four):

1. Authentic
2. Valid
3. Sufficient
4. Current

Assessment tools vs assessment instruments

- Assessment tool - the set of documentation used to assess one or more units of competency
- Assessment instrument – assessment events, tasks, assessment methods that make up the assessment tool

Assessment tool design - planning

- Planning – things to consider
 - What are you assessing? Unit/s of competency
 - Who are you assessing? Learner cohort
 - Consultation with industry/employers
 - Methods of assessment, instruments
 - Where will assessment occur?
 - Will specialised equipment or machinery be required?



Assessment tool design - planning

- Planning – things to consider
 - How will evidence be collected and by who?
 - Storage of evidence?
 - What materials already exist that can be used/modified/adapted?
 - How will you review the tool?
 - Who else should you involve?

Assessment tool design - planning

| Component | Description |
|-----------------------|--|
| Elements | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The essential actions or outcomes which are demonstrable and assessable. |
| Performance criteria | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The required performance in relevant tasks, roles and skills to demonstrate achievement of the element. |
| Performance evidence | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Specifies the skills to be demonstrated relevant to the product and process.• The frequency or volume of the product or process. |
| Knowledge evidence | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Specifies what the individual must know in order to safely and effectively perform the work task described in the unit of competency.• The type and depth of knowledge required to meet the demands of the unit of competency. |
| Assessment conditions | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Stipulates any mandatory conditions for assessment.• Specifies the conditions under which evidence for assessment must be gathered, including any details of required equipment and materials; contingencies; specifications; physical conditions; relationships with team members and supervisor; relationship with client/customer; and timeframe.• Specific assessor requirements, including any details related to qualifications, experience and industry currency. |

Source: *Guide to developing assessment tools*, ASQA

Assessment methods

- Assessment methods/instruments used in the meat industry
 - Three forms of assessment – in almost all AMP units
 - Quiz
 - Workplace referee report
 - Observation
 - Exams – especially for meat safety
 - Projects – higher level qualifications
 - Portfolios – especially for RPL

Other considerations

- Instructions for assessors and learners
- Assessment conditions
 - Equipment/materials
 - Contingencies
 - Specifications
 - Physical conditions
 - Relationships
 - Timeframes
- Evidence criteria
 - How does the assessor know the learner is competent?
 - Marking guides
- Recording outcomes
- Version control

Customisation and contextualisation

- Sample tools are just that – SAMPLES!
- Customisation – making it your ‘brand’
 - Logos
 - Style guides
 - Language modification
 - ‘Fact checking’
- Contextualisation – putting a **context** to the tool
 - Work instructions and SOPs
 - Re-writing observable requirements to suit the workplace, job role and student
 - Workplace specific marking guides
- Don’t forget to re-map!

Reasonable adjustment

- Are there any learners with disabilities?
 - Learning difficulties
 - Physical disabilities
- LLN considerations
- Don't forget to re-map!

Validation and moderation

- Validation: QA for assessment – confirms the assessment consistently provides valid assessment judgements
 - Not just mapping!
- Moderation: Independent checking of assessment decisions to ensure consistency
 - Would the person next to you make the same decision with the same evidence?

Validation

- From the Standards for RTOs:
 - *Validation is the quality review of the assessment process. Validation involves checking that the assessment tool/s produce/s valid, reliable, sufficient, current and authentic evidence to enable reasonable judgements to be made as to whether the requirements of the training package or VET accredited courses are met.*
 - *It includes reviewing a statistically valid sample of the assessments and making recommendations for future improvements to the assessment tool, process and/or outcomes and acting upon such recommendations.*

Validation

- Standard 1. *The RTO's training and assessment strategies and practices are responsive to industry and learner needs and meet the requirements of training packages and VET accredited courses*
 - 1.9 – systematic validation plan
 - 1.10 – five year validation cycle, 50% completed in first three years, risk based approach
 - 1.11 – who can validate – competency, credentials, independent (*don't forget, 1 July brings a change!*)
 - 1.25 – independent validation requirements for RTOs delivering TAE products (*not going there!*)

Validation process

- Identify people who can validate and their credentials
- Identify validation leader/s
- Schedule validations
- Trial assessment instruments and tools
- Checklists
- Meetings and discussions with validation team members
- Consider using confidentiality statements and codes of conduct, especially where assessment judgements are being validated
- Document all your activities and their outcomes!
- Don't forget to re-map!

Validation pitfalls

- Validating 'easy' products first
- Thinking it's just about mapping
- Lack of objectivity/biases/horns-halo effect/group-think
- Taking feedback personally
- Inappropriate validators
- Samples for assessment judgements not statistically valid
- Not acting on identified issues
- Poor record keeping

Validation workshop

- Activity: Validate some sample materials
 - What are the outcomes?
 - What should change?

Conducting moderation

- Activity: sample assessment decisions.

Useful resources

- ***Companion Guides for trainers and assessors, MINTRAC (sector specific)***
- ***Guide to developing assessment tools, ASQA***
[https://www.asqa.gov.au/sites/default/files/Guide to developing assessment tools.pdf?v=1508135481](https://www.asqa.gov.au/sites/default/files/Guide_to_developing_assessment_tools.pdf?v=1508135481)
- ***ASQA Fact Sheet – Conducting Validation***
[https://www.asqa.gov.au/sites/default/files/FACT_SHEET Conducting validation.pdf?v=1532658700](https://www.asqa.gov.au/sites/default/files/FACT_SHEET_Conducting_validation.pdf?v=1532658700)
- **Sample learning guides for TAEASS502 (Google search)**
- **Sample assessment tools (Google search)**

Where else can you find help/information?

- VET organisations, for example:
 - VELG (In April they are having a focus week of webinars of assessment and assessment tools)
 - VDC – run lots of webinars
- Industry organisations, for example:
 - AMIC
 - Kangaroos Industry Association of Australia
 - Australian Poultry Federation
 - Llama Association of Australasia
 - Hastings Ostrich Australia
 - Deer Industry Association of Australia
 - Australian Camel Industry Association
 - Poultry Hub (also covers ratites)
- State Departments of Primary Industry/ Food Authorities

Where else? (cont)

- **CRCs**

- CRC for High Integrity Australian Pork
- [CRC for Sheep Industry Innovation](#)

- **Rural RDCs (there are 15)**

- AMPC
- APL
- MLA
- AgriFutures Australia (used to be RIRDC) (includes chicken meat, kangaroos, buffalo, deer)

- **Other**

- CSIRO
- University research departments
- Beef CRC legacy website
- Google daily subject searches
- Electronic newsletter subscriptions – Beef/Sheep Central, etc

Where else? (cont)

Me! I'm happy to answer questions, look at drafts, provide advice, help with mapping.

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Find me also on LinkedIn (another great resource)

Discussion questions

- What do you find the most challenging aspects of validation and moderation?
- Would you be interested in longer validation sessions organised by MINTRAC?
 - Locations?
 - Time frames? (1/2 day, full day?)
 - Cost?
 - Requirements for confidentiality?